Rs. 185 buys you a Royal West End Cycle complete.
Strongly recommended by
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

THE BRAND OF HIGH GRADE QUALITY.
It is made to give satisfaction.
It is bound to give satisfaction.
It does give satisfaction
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

VOL. VI. NO. 199 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1918. TWO ANNAS.

SHIPPING

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA
(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

STEAMER of the P. & O. Co. will be despatched to London at frequent intervals.

The BRITISH INDIA Co. will despatch mail steamers for Karachi, Persian Gulf, and East and South African ports at frequent intervals.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

For Sailings and Freight apply to:
T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.
Alice Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(THE OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)
(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Fleet: 167 Vessels. Gross Tonnage: 462,000.
The following regular services are maintained:—
(1) From Bombay to Japan Ports via Singapore and Hongkong.
(2) From Bombay to Marseilles via Djibouti and Port Said.
(3) From Bombay to Italian Ports via Port Said.
Freight and particulars of sailings can be obtained on application to the undersigned.
M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.
Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

DROPS OF INK!
MAKE MILLIONS THINK!!
and to write with a bad Ink
IS A BLUNDER.
"Waterina" marks the highest perfection in ink making.
Try and reap its benefit.
G. S. RANADE & CO.,
BOMBAY No. 4

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,350,000

Head Office:
20, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.
Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombassa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisumo
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Dar-es-Salam, East Africa
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:—
Mauritius Commercial Bank.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE
payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, Africa, America and Australia or purchased or collected.
DRAFTS.
are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.
RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 23,100,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at
Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Chi-Nan, Dairen, Frengtien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kaiyuan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lyons, Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Soerabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Tokio, Tsingtao.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and Interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum of daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.
N. IGARASHI,
Manager, Bombay.
Post Box No. 207, Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
BRANCHES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, BAGDAD, BASRAH AND AMARA.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called-up Capital ..... £ 600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £ 900,000
Reserve Fund ..... £ 90,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
The Rt Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K. T. (Chairman).
Sir Edward Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
Emile Francqui, Esq. (Director of the Societe General de Belgique.)
Lieut.-Col. J. Leigh Wood, C.M.G. (Messrs. Brown Shipley & Co.)
J. C. Georges Boillat, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. Haskell, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
Bromley-Martin, Esq. (Martins Bank, Ltd.)
BOMBAY COMMITTEE.
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculdas, Esq.
BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum.
Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security, and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.
SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.
L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING.

THE BOMBAY MERCANTILE BANK LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE.
Apollo Street, Fort.
BRANCH.
Kalbadevi Road, Opposite Narnarain's Temple, Zaver Baug.

	Rs.
Authorised Capital	10,00,000
One lakh shares of Rs. 10 each.	
Paidup Capital	4,71,900
Unpaid Capital	5,28,100
Capital Reserve Fund	76,420

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum.
SAVINGS BANK—Interest allowed on Savings Bank Accounts at 4½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Interest allowed on deposits fixed for one year at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum. Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.
Cheques, Hundies, Bills, Dividend Warrants, &c., collected free of charge for Account Holders.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities.
By order of the Board,
JAINARAIN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

BANKING.

BANK OF BARODA, LTD.
Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.
Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.
HEAD OFFICE—BARODA.
Branches:—Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed	Rs. 20,00,000
Capital Paid-up	Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 5,75,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per year will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.
C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

HAVE YOU MADE MONEY ON SHARES?

Remember that our soldiers and sailors can't make money, they make history. Remember what thousands of them have given—their lives—that YOU may live.

Ask your Banker how much he can advance you and Buy Indian WAR LOAN.

Others sacrifice their lives. You are asked to
LEND YOUR PROFITS TO HELP THE EMPIRE.

Is it a sacrifice to ask you to invest your money in a gilt-edged security with the highest guarantee in the whole world behind it—a security which gives you a generous rate of interest—a security which is negotiable and can always be sold in the open market?

BANKING

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD
Incorporated by Special Charter of the Imperial Japanese Government, 1899.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 22,500,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 5,680,000

HEAD OFFICE
TAIPEH, FORMOSA
BRANCHES:

LONDON	SHANGHAI	TOKIO
NEW YORK	HONGKONG	OSAKA
AMOY	SINGAPORE	KOBE
CANTON	SOERABAIA	YOKOHAMA
FOOCHOW	SEMARANG	AKO
HANKOW	BATAVIA	GIRAN
KIUKIANG	MAKUNG	KAGI
SWATOW	TAITCH	KARENKO
TAINAN	SHINCHIKU	KEELUNG
TAKOW	TAICHU	TAMSUI
TOWEN		

The Bank has also a large number of Correspondents at Home and Abroad.
Current Deposit Accounts are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
Fixed Deposits are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
K. TAKEMURA,
Manager.
54, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

	Rs.	a	p.
Capital Authorized	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,39,102	14	0
Reserve Funds	11,68,777	8	5

HEAD OFFICE.—LAHORE.
Branches:
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jammu, Srinagar and Jhelum City.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3 3/4 per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are brought, collected and discounted.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—
S. D. MULICK,
Manager.

WE GUARANTEE
OUR GRAND RANGES OF
SILK AND EMBROIDERY
OUR SILK AND EMBROIDERY ARE USED ALL OVER INDIA
BY
(1) *Rajahs and Maharajas*
(2) *Ranis and Maharanis*
(3) *High Class Ladies and Gentlemen*
We are "cheap." Why? No middleman's profit.
AHMED E. ESAALI Empire Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

CAN THEY LOOT AGAIN?
Necessity knows no law. Should people be compelled to loot, do you think they will not do so, in spite of the penalties imposed on such actions?
It is best to be on the safe side. . . . . to be content and sure that your earnings are really safe.
The "LIONS" Safe, Burglar and Fire Resisting, is 50 per cent. cheaper, 100 per cent. better, and 1,000 per cent. safer than any other on the market.
The "LIONS" is sold in two sizes. . . . . actually worth Rs. 715 and Rs. 550. . . . . sold for Rs. 385 and Rs. 324, respectively.
Fresh stock of 15 just received of which only few remain. It is very hard to get them now. Any way you might have to pay more for next lot. Why not select one atonce. Payment in WAR BONDS accepted.
MEHTA & CO., Auctioneers,
On Government and G. I. P. Railway Lists.
25, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
Telephone 1285.

A REMARKABLE WAR DISCOVERY.
SILK
CHEAPER THAN
COTTON
The recent extraordinary increase in the demand for their Silk of all descriptions was a MATTER OF GREAT SURPRISE to Messrs. Karanjia & Co., themselves. They could not understand why Silk should be so much in demand in spite of somewhat increased prices owing to the difficulties caused by the War, but their Customers frankly told them that they had substituted Silk for wool and cotton even for their ordinary requirements as they FOUND SILK CHEAPER THAN COTTON, not to speak of the great difference in comfort and elegance.
To avoid disappointment it may be noted, however, that this miracle is due not so much to the disturbance of the cloth market during the War as to the UNRIVALLED EXPERIENCE AND RESOURCES of
Messrs. KARANJIA & Co., Ltd.,
in silk business. The truth of this remarkable war discovery can therefore be tested ONLY AT THEIR SHOP.
207, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKING

THE SUMITOMO BANK
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 22,500,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 8,690,000

HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA, JAPAN.
BRANCHES AND AGENTS:

Bombay	Kyoto	San Francisco
Hakata	London	Seattle
Hankau	Moji	Shanghai
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Shimonoseki
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Kobe	Osaka	Yokohama

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates to be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.
J. SATO, Manager.
P. O. Box No. 289.
Church Gate Street, Bombay.

HOTELS

THE CHEAPEST FIRST CLASS HOTEL at which to put up at in Bombay is the
RAILWAY HOTEL
Those visiting Bombay should not fail to try the "Railway" Hotel situated at Charney Road, in a central healthy locality.
DINNER TABLE A SPECIALITY.
Competent Chefs, High Class Wines and Billiard Tables.
Please write to Manager, Railway Hotel, Charney Road, Bombay. Telephone No. 513.

BEST ACCOMMODATION FOR HIGH CLASS HINDOOS.
SHREE ARYA PATHIKA ASHRAM.
(BOARDING AND LODGING)
Girgaum Back Road 3, Parekh Wadi's Bungalow.

ADVERTISEMENT AND SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

"Wanted," "To be Let," "For Sale" and other sundry Advertisements, when not strictly appertaining to any regular business, are charged at the following rates, which must be strictly prepaid:

Advertisements not exceeding 20 words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional word one anna.

Advertisements are not received after 6 p.m. for insertion in the next day's paper.

Domestic Announcements.—6 lines, Rs. 2 for insertion prepaid. Every additional line, annas 4 extra.

Government, Railway, Legal and other Public Notifications.—Rs. 6 per inch. Minimum charge Rs. 2.

Company Prospectuses and Company Notices.—Rs. 6 per inch.

Trade Announcements in Special Short Advertisement Columns.—Rs. 1-8 per inch. No Display allowed.

Special contract rates for display advertisements can be had on application to:

THE MANAGER,
"Bombay Chronicle" Office,
No. 2, Medows Street, Bombay.

SUBSCRIPTION.

PAYABLE STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY EDITION.

	LOCAL.	UP-COUNTRY.
Yearly ..	.. Rs. 30-0	Rs. 35-0
Half-yearly	.. „ 16-0	„ 18-0
Quarterly	.. „ 8-0	„ 9-0
Monthly	.. „ 3-0	„ 3-8
Single Copy ..	.. ..	..TWO Annas

SUNDAY EDITION.

	LOCAL.	UP-COUNTRY.
Yearly ..	..Rs. 5-0	Rs. 6-0
Single Copy ..	.. ..	..TWO Annas

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Vopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

JUST UNPACKED—A small consignment of National Portable Typewriters No. 3, Improved Model. All modern devices such as Visibility, Back-spacer, Tabulator, 2 color, and some special features. Order early and save disappointment. Rs. 190, with improved Travelling Case complete. THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., 36 (B), Churchgate St. Fort, Bombay. Tele.: "Writertype."

SINGLE-KEY SETS of Superior 4 Lever socketed unpickable PADLOCKS having only one key and a duplicate to pass all the locks in the particular set. Sets of 6 PADLOCKS. 1½in. size Rs. 11/8, 2in. size Rs. 13/13, 2½in. size Rs. 18/6 p. set. Sets of 12 PADLOCKS. 1½in. size Rs 23, 2in. size Rs. 27-10 p. set. R. H. PATUCK & Co., 265, Hornby Road, Bombay. 507

STORM—No storm can last for ever, and so the war must come to an end. If you wish to dispose of your Motor Car or a Carriage and Horse, now is the time to realise the highest price by sending it to MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. Plenty of accommodation and fine Showroom.

EDUCATIONAL.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY—SPECIAL MATRICULATION MATHEMATICS CLASSES will be conducted by the Principal, THE EMPIRE ENGLISH SCHOOL, personally, one hour daily, at convenient times. Our object being to help the poorest students, we have kept the fees very low (Rs. 20 for the full course for the whole year or Rs. 3 per month.) Our Matriculation Classes have begun their regular work. Enrolment daily. 259/261, Hornby Road, Opp. Cox & Co., Fort.

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED—By a practical experienced young and energetic Hindoo post of an ACCOUNTANT, preferably in Mofussil. Apply Box No. 696, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1198

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Two experienced CIVIL ENGINEERS by an influential Firm of Contractors. Apply sharp to Box No. 719, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1293

WANTED—An experienced DYEING MASTER for up-country Mill. Apply with testimonials and terms to Box No. 717, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1290

WANTED—A LIBRARIAN for the Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, Bombay. Pay Rs. 75-10-125. Adequate knowledge of the elements of librarianship, some clerical experience (including facility in typing), and a good general education essential. Apply to the PRINCIPAL before September 2nd 1918. 1378

WANTED for the Paymaster's Office, King's African Rifles Nyasaland Protectorate (British Central Africa) ONE INDIAN CLERK, who should be an expert Typist with knowledge of Accounts. Salary Rs. 125 per month with free quarters and rations. Further particulars can be ascertained on application *in writing* with copies of certificates to:—MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co., Agents in India for African Protectorates, Nicol Road, Bombay. 1381

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—An Expert EXPORT CUSTOMS CLERK and a Shorthand Typist. Apply Box No. 731, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1319

WANTED—FEMALE TUTOR to teach a girl from First Standard, one having previously served in school will be preferred. Apply to Box No. 739, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1358

WANTED—A GRADUATE, experienced in teaching. Salary Rs. 50 per month. Apply sharp to the SUPERINTENDENT, Shree Daxina Murti, Vidyarthibhuvan, Bhavnagar. 1328

WANTED—A competent CORRESPONDENCE CLERK, Typist preferred. Handsome salary and good prospects. Apply Box No. 746, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1387

WANTED—HINDOO GRADUATE as COMPANION and TEACHER for two boys studying up to third standard English. Must give general knowledge and lessons for three hours daily. Apply with testimonials stating terms required to Box No. 732, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1322

WANTED—A competent SALESMAN by a well established firm dealing in Mill Stores and Chemicals. Handsome salary according to qualifications. Apply with testimonials and previous experience to Box No. 734, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1335

WANTED—A HINDU GRADUATE to work as an ASSISTANT MANAGER in a Commercial Firm doing Export and Import business. Only the experienced need apply with terms and testimonials to Box No. 747, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1390

WANTED.

A Calcutta Mercantile Firm is open to accept Agencies or represent Bombay Firms. Apply Box No. 730, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1318

WANTED—In perfect order, three HEADS of a Drawing Frame, one Doubling Machine and one Fern Wing Machine, all second-hand. Apply Box No. 718, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1291

WANTED—A secondhand Oil ENGINE, Complete, in working order, of 75 to 100 B. H. P. Write with specification and particulars, quoting lowest price to Box No. 736 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1338

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—12in. by 6in. R. S. BEAMS. For particulars apply to Box No. 727, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1314

FOR SALE—Old INSULATED WIRE 37/16, about 660 yds. Very Cheap. Apply Box No. 711, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 1278

TO SELL—One Motor Cycle with Side Car in good working condition, 3½ h.-p., single cylinder, Rover make. OOSMAN AHMED, 112, Cutlery Bazar, Bombay. 1396

TO SELL—Theodolite, harmonium, gramophone, and household furniture. Hinks lamps. To be seen at 8, Haines Road, near Byculla Fire Brigade at 4 to 6 p.m. 1359

FOR SALE—A "Griffiths" WATER STERILISER suitable for Mule Transport weight 240 lbs., delivery 60 gallons per hour. For further particulars apply to Box No. 744, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1374

ENGLISH DESSERT APPLES 9 lbs. nett Rs. 4, all charges included by V. P. parcel post. CAPTAIN BANON, Duff Dunbar, P. O. Kulu, Punjab. 629

FOR SALE.—DISINFECTING FLUID, Anchor Brand, in gallons and bulk. Apply DURANTE & PAUL, 15, Dhobi Talao Bombay. 1193

FOR SALE—A nice pair of HORSES and LANDAU, complete for Rs. 7,000. Very cheap. Apply Box No. 726, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1312

FOR SALE—About 1,500 square yards of pension and tax land at the junction of Sandhurst Bridge Road and Hughes Road, Chowpatti. Apply MHATRE'S ART STUDIO, Chowpatti, Bombay 7. 1206

FOR SALE—A CINEMA MACHINE with complete set. Eddison make. For particulars apply personally or in writing to the MANAGER, Zanana Stores, Sandhurst Road, Bombay. 1327

FOR SECOND-HAND MACHINERY, either for SALE or PURCHASE at advantage, kindly address THE HIND ENGINEERING CO., 306/8, Nagdevi Street, Bombay. 1016

FOR SALE—Second-hand Steam Oil and Portable ENGINES and BOILERS of various sizes, complete Cotton Press Factory and Gas Plants of 107 and 156 B. H. P. double and single Gins and other lot of machinery. For further particulars write to ENGINEER & Co., Pydhoni, Bombay. 1343

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—Factory Rebuilt Oliver Typewriters No. 5, Foolscap Size, with Back Spacer, Tabulator, New Metal Cover, and New Base Board. Look like new and work like new. As good as new. Price just over half that of new. Fast selling. Order to-day.

NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay.

FOR SALE—LIGHT RAILWAY MATERIAL 10, 14, 35, 41½ and 60 lbs. Rails, 2 ft. gauge with accessories. Double side steel tipping wagons 18 and 27 Cft Capacity. Centrifugal, Worthington, Pulsometer pumps with required piping. Oil engines. Steam crane Cralewinch. 8-ft. high Derrick, etc. For particulars apply to Box No. 743, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1373

TO BE LET.

TO LET—A-1 GODOWN area 1,700 sq. ft. in Hari Har Nivas at Khetwadi 3rd Lane, Sandhurst Road. Apply above address. 1386

AN OFFICE-ROOM at Medows Street, about 400 square feet. Rent Rs. 75. Write to Box No. 745, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1375

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE

THE Public are hereby informed that the offices of the Osaka Shosen Kaisha have been removed to BALLARD ROAD and all communications are to be addressed thereto in future.

M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.
1140

NOTICE.

THE SASSOON SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an INTERIM DIVIDEND at the rate of Rupees One Hundred per share free of Income Tax for the half-year ending 30th June, 1918, has been declared and made payable on and after THURSDAY, the 5th September, 1918, to those shareholders whose names appear on the Company's Register on the 22nd of August, 1918.

The Dividend Warrants will be posted to the registered addresses of the shareholders in due course.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 23rd to 29th August, 1918, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
FRAMROZ RUSTOMJEE MISTREE,
Secretary.
3, Forbes Street, Fort,
Bombay, 13th August, 1918. 1277

NOTICE.

THE undersigned hereby beg to notify that by mutual agreement they have become separate in estate as from the 14th day of March, 1918, and that Sakarchand Dayabhai will henceforward adopt and be known by his own former name of Sakarchand Jagjivandas.

Dated this 15th day of August, 1918.

DAYABHAI PREMCHAND.
SAKARCHAND JAGJIVANDAS.
1348

TANNED SHEEP AND GOAT SKINS.

THE undersigned is prepared to receive offers for the sale of about 22,000 pieces partially tanned Mesopotamian Sheep and Goat Skins.

The skins may be inspected and further particulars obtained on application to the undersigned.

Offers per lb. weight will be received up to the 28th instant.

J. W. MACFARLANE,
Deputy Controller (Hides),
Indian Munitions Board.
Dharavi, Bombay,
12th August, 1918. 1272

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY COMPANY.

(Incorporated in England by Special Act of Parliament.)

REVISED THROUGH SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, CENTRAL INDIA AND THE PUNJAB.

ON and from Sunday, the 1st September, 1918, the NORTHERN EXPRESS will run from and to Bombay to and from Peshawar via Delhi, Saharanpur, and Ambala, to the following timings.

BOMBAY-PESHAWAR.

Down.		Timings.	Up.
16. 0	Dep.	Bombay (Colaba	Arr. 13.35
6.22	Arr.	Rutlam	Arr. 23. 1

(CHANGE FOR MHOW, INDORE AND NEEMUCH).

20.30	Arr.	Delhi	Dep. 9.20
21.45	Dep.	Delhi	Arr. 8.15
1.24	Arr.	Saharanpur	Dep. 4.24
3.12	Arr.	Ambala Cant.	Dep. 2.42
9.50	Arr.	Lahore	Dep. 20.0
10.25	Dep.	Lahore	Arr. 19.20
17.11	Arr.	Rawalpindi	Dep. 12.51
21.50	Arr.	Peshawar Cant.	Dep. 7.30

A through carriage will run on both these trains between Bombay and Kalka.

First and Second class passengers to and from Bombay, from and to Delhi, and from and to stations reached via Delhi on the East Indian, North Western Ouch and Rohilkhand will be booked by these trains. Now that the G. I. P. Railway's Punjab Mails are not available for such passengers excepting those for Delhi, as notified by the General Traffic Manager of that Railway, intending passengers are requested to book their seats in advance, in order to secure the accommodation they require, as the berths on each train will be limited to a fixed number.

W. P. PECHEY,
Ag. General Traffic Manager.
General Traffic Manager's Office,
Bombay, 17th August, 1918. 1350

MACHINERY FOR IMMEDIATE SALE

	Rs.
ONE ROLLER Flour Mill 10 sack, complete for	1,25,000
One Ice Plant 10 tons ether system, complete for	30,000
40 Cotton Gins Platt Brothers, complete for	25,000
One Cotton Opener Double, complete for	2,000
One Cotton Baling Press Stewart's Patent, complete for	70,000
Fifteen Engelburgh's Rice Hulling machines complete for	4,000
Five Atta Grinding Chakkies 3½ft. and 3½ft. complete for	1,000
One Boiler 30ft. by 7½ft. Alex. Shanks 165 lb. pressure complete for	30,000
One Boiler 28ft. by 7ft. Tinker Shenton's 140 lb. pressure, complete for	25,000
One Engine Ruston Proctor's 200 H. P. complete for	25,000
One Engine Benj. Goodfellow's 300 H.P. complete for	30,000
One Green's Economiser complete for...	4,000

Practically no reduction is possible in prices for Boilers; reasonable highest offers for other things will be considered. Please apply to GIRDHAR LAL,
689 Chattiwind Gate, Amritsar.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ARMY & NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY LIMITED.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS.

TO-DAY being a Public Holiday the Society's Premises will not be opened for business. 1349

NOTICE TO CINEMATOGRAPH FILM DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS.

MR. ARDESHIR M. IRANI, of Messrs. B. Ardeshir and Co., having joined in the consignment of the India Branch of the Universal Film Mfg., Co., at Bombay, it is hereby notified that Messrs. B. Ardeshir and Co. have ceased as from the 1st day of June, 1918, to deal in cinema films either for sale or for hire.

B. ARDESHIR & Co.
Kalbadevi Road,
Bombay, 19th August, 1918. 1391

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that an AUCTION SALE will be held in the Government Stationery Store Room at the Basement of the Town Hall on MONDAY, the 26th August, 1918, at 12 Noon (S.T.) for the sale of old typewriters, copies of certain propagandist war picture newspapers printed on good paper and certain articles of Stationery. These articles can be seen in the Store Room two days before the Auction Sale.

2. Delivery will be made on confirmation of the sale but the sum bid at the Auction for each Typewriting machine and other kinds of articles will have to be deposited in advance.

S. A. LEAO,
Assistant Superintendent of Stationery.
Bombay, 12th August, 1918. 1256

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

REGISTRATION OF GRADUATES AND LICENTIATES OF THE BOMBAY VETERINARY COLLEGE.

LICENTIATES and GRADUATES of the Bombay Veterinary College are hereby informed that a revised Register of the Alumni of the Bombay Veterinary College is about to be prepared and that all Licentiates or Graduates, who desire that their names should appear in this Register are required to communicate with the U. S. giving full particulars regarding their names, race, caste or religion, date of birth, date of graduation and present permanent address and present occupation. The names of Licentiates or Graduates who fail to communicate with the U. S. before 31st December, 1918, will be omitted from the Register now about to be prepared.

PRINCIPAL.
Bombay Veterinary College.
Parel, 6th August, 1918. 1393

THE MYSORE SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors of the Company have resolved to extend the period of the validity of the Coupons forwarded to the Shareholders of the Company with the Circular of the 24th June, 1918, from the 31st August to the 30th September, 1918, on or before which latter date the Coupons will be valid for the purposes named in the said Circular.

N. SIRUR & Co.,
Agents.
Henshaw's Buildings,
9, Bank Street, Fort,
Bombay, 15th August, 1918. 1395

HIS EXALTED HIGHNESS THE NIZAM'S CITY IMPROVEMENT BOARD

HYDERABAD (DECCAN.)

APPLICATIONS are invited for competitive designs with full drawings and perspectives for the facade of covered footpath along a roadway in a business quarter being widened to 65 feet clear width and 15 feet covered footpaths on either side. The footpath and the shops will have only one storey on top—total height from road level up to top of roof will be on an average 36 feet.

2. The terminal feature of the road will be an ancient monument called the Charminar about 168 feet high and 96 feet wide—tetrapylon at the crossing of four roads—the style of the new facade will have to harmonize with that monument and the surroundings as far as possible.

3. The facade will be constructed in local granite stone which can be obtained in suitable dimensions.

4. The competing architects must visit the place at their own expense to enable them to prepare suitable designs. A copy of the detailed site as well as a section of the roadway and the covered footpath will be supplied on application at the office of the Sanitary Engineer, City Improvement Board.

5. All plans and elevations should be in inch—1 ft. Scale and details in ½ inch and full size and must be sent flat. Details will be required only in the case of the two successful candidates.

6. The competition is open to all.

7. The designs will be judged by a Committee of the City Improvement Board. The final selection of the designs will rest with His Exalted Highness the Nizam.

8. The first premiated design will carry prize of Rs. 10,000 B.G. and the second Rs. 5,000 B.G.

9. No plans are to be signed by a Competitor, they should bear only a recognizable mark or nom-de-plume copy of which should be enclosed with the architect's name in a sealed cover.

Any signed plans will be atonce disqualified.

10. The drawings of the successful candidates will be retained and the rest sent back.

11. The City Improvement Board do not bind themselves to select any of the submitted designs.

12. All designs for competition should be enclosed in a sealed cover marked "Competitive Designs for Road Facade" Hyderabad and addressed to Nawab Nizamat Jung Bahadur, Secretary, City Improvement Board, and should reach not later than 1st November 1918. The designs must be prepaid.

NIZAMAT JUNG,
Secretary,
139 City Improvement Board.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE KHANDESH PRESS COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Khandesh Press Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company No. 31, Church Gate Street, within the Fort of Bombay on FRIDAY, the 30th August 1918 at 4 p.m. (S.T.), for the purposes following namely:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts of the Company for the year ending 30th June, 1918.
2. To sanction the declaration of a dividend.
3. To elect a Director in the room of the Director who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint an Auditor or Auditors for the current year and to fix his or their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting by the Chairman.

By order of the Board of Directors.
DREWET CHOWNA & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.
Bombay, 14th August 1918. 1380

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY TO BUSINESSMEN.

LUCRATIVE going on business Capital Rs. 1½ lakh to 1¾ lakh only. Annual nett profit from 50 to 60 thousand. To be sold solely for being retired. Apply to Box No. 685, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1164

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

OUR clients, Messrs. CHENIRAM JESRAJ have been for a long time past importing into Bombay piecegoods, yarns, spunsilks, etc., known by the name of Lota Chhap. Printed on these piecegoods are device of a Lota (that is a water jug) and the initials C. J. at the bottom thereof and in the middle of the Lota is the figure of Shri Krishna standing with a flute in his hands, and in some cases the goods bear a ticket with the above design. The said device is the Registered Trade Mark of our clients and has for a long time past been used by them as their Trade Mark on all piecegoods yarns, spunsilks, etc., imported by them and our clients' goods with the said device have acquired a very wide reputation in Bombay and throughout other parts of India and have become very well known in all Indian markets by the name of Lota Chhap.

Our clients have recently come to learn that some persons are arranging to import into Bombay piecegoods with a Lota Chhap thereon or something very similar thereto and the general get-up and appearance of which piecegoods would be similar to the general get-up and appearance of our clients' piecegoods, the object being to pass off such goods as our clients' goods.

Notice is hereby given that the above device is the exclusive Trade Mark of our clients and the same is printed upon their piecegoods, yarns and spun-silks, etc., or upon tickets affixed thereto in one or two or three Lotas in a line or three Lotas in a triangular shape and the public are hereby warned against importing, selling or purchasing or offering for sale, or otherwise dealing in piecegoods having printed thereon or bearing tickets of the said device or a device similar thereto and any person found doing so will be proceeded against according to law.

MULLA & MULLA.
Attorneys for Messrs. Cheniram Jesraj
1135

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of GOCULDAS VACHHARAJ alias GOKULDAS VACHHARAJ alias GOKULDAS VACHHDRAJ alias GOKULDAS VACHHRAJ, of Bombay, Broker, Hindu Inhabitant, Widower ..... Deceased.

NANDLAL VACHHARAJ, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, now unemployed, residing at Princess Street, without the Fort ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this fourteenth day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and eighteen and in the ninth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI.
Registrar
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The 14th day of August, 1918.
Messrs. PANDIA & Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
1388

Nuzerally Khanbhoy
PIPES, HARDWARE AND MILL STORE SUPPLIERS AND CONTRACTORS
211-15, Nagdevi Street,
BOMBAY No. 3.
Telephone No. 2458.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ABDUL REHMAN GOOLMAHOMED HAJI SHARIF has contracted to sell the undermentioned property. All persons having any interest or claim, of whatsoever kind or nature, in or to the said property, are therefore hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned, attorneys for the purchaser, at their office in Mercantile Bank Building, 52, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof. In default, the sale will be completed after the expiration of the said period without reference to the interests or claims of which no notice shall have been so received, and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece of land of Foras tenure admeasuring 1 939 square yards or thereabouts, situate at Elphinstone Road, Parel, in the City and Registration Sub-district of Bombay, bearing Collector's New Nos. 12153 and 12617 and New Survey No. 1/1837, together with the buildings and structures standing thereon, bearing Municipal G Ward Nos. 3169 (3) (4) (5) (6) and Street Nos. 933 (B) (C) (D) (E), and bounded on or towards the East by the property of Francis Luis, on or towards the West by the Tulsi Water Pipe, on or towards the North by the property of the Elphinstone Mills and on or towards the South by the Elphinstone Road.

Dated this 20th day of August, 1918.

PAYNE & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1377

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client Mr. PEER MAHOMED HASSAM has entered into an agreement with RAMRAO NARAYAN PANDURANG NAVALKAR for the purchase of the property hereunder described. All persons having any claim on or to the said property whether by way of mortgage, sale, gift, lease, trust, charge, inheritance, possession, maintenance or otherwise howsoever should make the same known in writing to us in our office at 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes in Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim which shall then be considered to have been waived and regarded as null and void.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Foras Land situate, lying and being on the East side of Dadar Road, in the Sub-District of Mandvi, within the Town and Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 3936 square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 209, 577, 528, 582 and 582, New Nos. 13052, 13054 and A/13054 and New Survey Nos. 1/2019, 1/2020, and 3-4/2020 and assessed by the Municipality under Ward F. Nos. 785-787 and 793, Street No. 145-147 and 153 and bounded on or towards the North by the property of Madhavdas Gocooldas, on or towards the East partly by the property of Aditwar Harkooji Gawand, and partly by the property of Madhavdas Gocooldas, on or towards the South partly by the property of Damajee Narayan and partly by the property of Munglia Zaveria, and on or towards the West by the Dadar Road.

Dated the 19th day of August, 1918.

CAPTAIN & VAIDYA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1392

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client has entered into an agreement with RUSTOMJI LIMJIBHOY DAVAR for the purchase of the property hereunder described. All persons having any claim on or to the said property whether by way of mortgage, sale, gift, lease, trust, charge, inheritance, possession, maintenance or otherwise howsoever should make the same known in writing to us in our office at 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes in Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim which shall then be considered to have been waived and regarded as null and void.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land (together with the messuage tenement or buildings standing thereon) situate at Cawasji Patel Street, within the Fort of Bombay, in the registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 488 square yards or thereabouts whereof 417 square yards bear Collector's Old Nos. 297, 297, New Nos. A/5072, 5073, Old Survey Nos. 427, 428, 427, 428 and New Survey No. 2/9341 and the remaining 71 square yards bear Collector's New Nos. B/5072, 5073 and New Survey No. 3/9341 and the whole whereof is bounded on the East by a private common passage and beyond that the property of Bai Soonabai Limji Davar and others, on the West by the Cawasji Patel Street, on the North by Gully and beyond that the property of Jamasji and Fakirji Ruttonji Mistry and on the South by common private passage and beyond that the property of the said Bai Soonabai Limji Davar and others and the buildings whereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under A Ward Nos. 1444, 1445 (1), 1446 and Street Nos. 220, 29, 31, 35 to 39, Cawasji Patel Street.

Dated the 20th day of August, 1918.

CAPTAIN & VAIDYA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1384

COURT FEE STAMP Rs. 8.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of BALAMIYA alias JANMAHOMED SHABAJI TAMBOLI, of Poona, Sunni Mahomedan Inhabitant ... Deceased.

AHMED MAHOMED TAMBOLI, of Poona, Sunni Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing temporarily at Pydhoni, without the Fort of Bombay .....Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this Sixteenth day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Eighteen and in the Ninth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.
(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI.

The 16th day of August, 1918.
Messrs. SMETHAM BYRNE & Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
1398

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LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. GANPATRAO ATMARAM, Executor of the last Will and Testament of ATMARAM MADHOWJEE, has contracted with our client Mr. KILLACHAND DEVCHAND for the absolute sale to him free from all claims and incumbrances of the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, residence, use, trust, maintenance, possession, mortgage, lease, lien, charge or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims, if any, and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate in the village of Pahadee near Coregaum, in Zilla Thana, in the District of Salsatte, containing by admeasurement 14 acres and 23¾ Gunthas be the same little more or less and Registered in the Books of the Khote under Survey No. 56, Pote No. 1, Survey No. 57 Pote No. 1/3 and bounded as follows:—That is, on or towards the East by the B. B. and C. I. Railway on or towards the West partly by Ghod Bunder Road and partly by the property of Madhowrao Ganpatrao and others, on or towards the North by the property of Afinwalla and on or towards the South partly by the property of Motabhoy Raghunath and Byramji Jeejeebhai and partly by the property belonging to the Trustees of the Goddess Temple.

Dated this 20th day of August, 1918.

BHAISHANKER KANGA & GIRDHARLAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1399

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that TARACHAND TEJA and HAZARIMAL MANECKCHAND, carrying on business under the name and style of Sardarmal Teja and Co., of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to me. All persons having or claiming any right, title, interest, claim or demand in, to or upon or in respect of the said hereditaments and premises or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, trust, charge, mortgage, sale, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, Bombay, and also to the undersigned at his office at Bandra within 14 days from the date hereof, at the expiration of which period the sale will be completed without reference to such claims, if any, and the same will then be considered and deemed to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground being a portion of the Oart called Lakankhan situate at Dadar, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 758 7/9 square yards or thereabouts with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 1459 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward Nos. 3213 (4), 3213 (7) and 3213 (8), Street Nos. 677 (C), 677 (F) and 677 (G), and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the passage of the Oart otherwise called Tom Bantista Street, on or towards the West by the Oart of Baker Miya Samsudin, on or towards the South by the property of Moroba Harry Pandit and on or towards the North by the property of Vishwanath Moroba and the said property is in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendor.

Dated this 17th day of August, 1918.

PANDURANG VITHAL PATIL,
Purchaser in person,
Vakil, Bandra,
Dist. Thana.
1397

EIGHT RUPEES, COURT FEE-STAMP.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of KHEMCHAND MANEKCHAND, late of Bombay, Leva Patel by caste, a Merchant, residing at Bhindi Bazar, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

BULAKHIDAS TAPIDAS, of Bombay, Leva Patel, Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, one of the Executors named in the said Will, residing at Bhendi Bazar, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this fifteenth day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and eighteen and in the ninth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,

Bombay, the 15th day of August, 1918.
Messrs. RUSTAMJI & GINWALA,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

SALE BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & CO.'S SALES.

No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay,
Tel. No. 521.

AUCTION SALE OF 502 BAGS OF JAVA WHITE SUGAR Ex. S. S. KRAKATAN.

Under instructions from Alladina Laduck and on account and risk of the undermentioned party Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY 23rd August, 1918, at 3 p.m., (S.T.), at the office of Sha Jaithalal Choturbhoy at Khand Bazaar.

(1) On account and risk of Popatlal Maneklal.

Ex. S. S. KRAKATAN.

Framji Bombay M. E. Made in Java.—502 bags of Java white sugar.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 21st Aug. 1918.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
35, Hummum Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 4083.

AUCTION SALE of 105 Bales Waste of Different Kinds.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, 23rd August, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at Victoria Bunder, Colaba in the new Prince of Wales Press by order of the Gakak Mill Ltd., the following goods:—

65 bales gin droppings.
40 bales reelers waste No. I.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

AUCTION SALE of 1 Case Essence of Chicken 3 Cases Odol, 1 Case Stationary and 7 Packages Piece-goods.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 22nd, August, 1918, at their Rooms under instructions from the Underwriters the following damaged goods:—

3 cases Odol.
1 case Essence of Chicken.
1 case Stationery.
7 packages Piece-goods, such as camel rugs, twill, mercerized muslin, woollen serge, tussore, satin, drapery, etc.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 21st August, 1918.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P. Railway.
No. 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 1285.

AUCTION SALE OF 7 BALES AND 9 BUNDLES SANGLI COTTON.

On FRIDAY, the 23rd instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at Princess Dock K. Shed, by order of Messrs. Ratilal Laloobhai & Co., and on account and at the risk of the concerned.

7 bales and 9 bundles Sangli cotton.

AUCTION SALE OF 5 BALES SASOON'S WHITE SHIRTINGS.

On THURSDAY, the 22nd instant at 3 p.m (S. T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 25 Medows Street, Fort, by order of Messrs. Edgelow Gulabchand Wadia and Co., attorneys for Messrs. H. M. H. Sedehi and Son and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Mr. R. S. Forage.

Ex. S. S. "City of Agra."

S. H. S. 1320 D. S. and Co., Bombay 3474-78 5 Bales Sassoon's White Shirtings, No. 170.

AUCTION SALE OF 10 BALES GAGRAPAT GRAHAM.

On WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction, by order of Seth Nagindas Vijbhukhandas, at his shop at Dader Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, Seth Tribhovandas Narotamdas:—

10 bales each 80 pieces Gagrapat Graham 34 inches and 32 yards.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 21st August, 1918.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
No. 52, Medows Street, Fort.

NOTICE.

WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant being a public holiday the sale of 1 ton Bichromate of Potash will take place on Saturday, the 31st instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO BICYCLE, & MOTOR DEALERS, MOTORISTS, ETC.

AUCTION SALE OF TUBES & TYERS OF WELL-KNOWN MAKERS, ADLER TYPE-WRITING MACHINE, ETC.

On SATURDAY, the 24th August, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. GANDHI & Co., Auctioners will sell by public auction at their Rooms No. 52 Medows Street all the goods pertaining to motor mechanics workshop including.

4 woodmilne tyres 820/120.
4 woodmilne tyres 815/105.
5 grimstone tyres 760/90.
3 grimstone tyres 810/90.
3 grimstone tyres 815/105.
1 grimstone tyre 820/120.
1 continental tyre 820/120.
1 continental tyre 0/34.
4 grimstone tubes 810/90.
4 grimstone tubes 760/90.
2 bates tubes 880/120.
2 bates tubes 820/120.
2 bates tubes 815/105.

Besides valve pins, washers, valve tools, solution tins, security belts, inside tyre gaiter, inside tube gaiter, gas tubing patch, boxes, grease, etc., etc.,

1 Adler typewriting machine foolscap size in sound condition.

AUCTION SALE OF 1 TON BICHROMATE OF POTASH.

On SATURDAY the 31st instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. GANDHI & Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 52 Medows Street, Fort by order of the Bank concerned and on account and at the risk of the concerned:—

1 ton Bichromate of Potash English, in 1 cwt packing.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 21st August, 1918.

BENNETT & CO.

On SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S. T.).

1 English built rubber tyred bicycle wheels victoria, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram.
1 second-hand rubber tyred C. spring victoria, in good order.
1 Iron grey Arab horse, quiet in harness.
1 bicycle wheel governess car with folding motor hood in decent condition with a nice pony in harness.

AUCTION SALE OF MEDICINES, COBRA BOOT POLISH, SECCOTINE, KNIFE POLISH AND LEATHER SUIT CASES.

On SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of the Bank concerned and on account and at the risk of the concerned.

J. M. Bombay Nos. 581/90—10 cases medicine (Syrup of Iodid of Iron).
J. M. Bombay Nos. 591/615—25 cases medicines (Spirit Ammon).

On account of the Underwriters:—

Ex. S. S. "City of Durban" and "Mahratta," Nos. 570/5—6 cases 95 gross Cobra boot polish.
No. 25—1 case secotine.
J. S. 2096 Nos. 133 and 135—2 cases knife polish.

By order of the Offices concerned:—

7 leather suit cases and 6 leather attache cases.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 21st August, 1918.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
Medows Street, Fort, opp. New Share Bazar.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF ONE "VULCAN" MAKE MOTOR CAR AND ONE "ORLEANS" MAKE MOTOR LORRY.

HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 461 of 1918.

Bhagwanlal Premji Worah ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
Charles Dutt and others ..... Defendants.

Under instructions from Mr. Bhagwanlal Premji Worah and Mr. Charles Dutt, Joint Receivers appointed in the above suit and pursuant to the Consent Order made on the 1st day of August, 1918, in the said suit the undermentioned Motor Car and Motor Lorry belonging to the Cedar Electrical and Engineering Co., will be put up for sale by Public Auction by Messrs. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, at their Rooms in Medows Street, opposite the New Share Bazar, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 22nd day of August, 1918, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.):—

1 Motor Car "Vulcan" make, 4 seated, 12-14 H.P. with accessories.
1 Motor Lorry "Orleans" make, 20 H.P., with platform body, suitable for carrying purposes.
2 Motor Tyres and 2 Dunlop Tubes.

The above cars can be seen at the Bombay Motor Car Co, Apollo Bunder Garage.

MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 21st August, 1918.

MESSRS. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS
21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

SALE OF 3 BALES WHITE SHIRTING NO. 26.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI & Co., will on TUESDAY, the 27th August, 1918 at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at the sale room the following.

By order of Mr. Nissim I. Bekhor and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchasers Messrs. The Persian Bombay Trading Co.

3 bales white shirting No. 26.
Ex. S.S. Maihar.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of knocking the lot to the purchaser and the balance shall be paid within three days against delivery order.

SORABJI COWASJI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay 21st August, 1918.

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE—7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

	Rs.
Capital Fully Subscribed	10,00,000
Capital Paid Up	1,00,000
Invested Funds Over	30,00,000

THE ADVANTAGES OF A "NATIONAL" POLICY.

By paying your Premiums at the lowest possible rate available in India, you secure for yourself a Policy which will enable you to tide over the difficulties owing to the loss of income in your old age or provide for your family in case of an early death.

The "National" carries first class risks and offers unique advantages to the Policy holders.

Please write for Prospectus before deciding the question of insuring your life.

The first Indian Insurance Company to lead the way by investing the total sum of Rupees Six lakhs in the First and Second Indian War Loans.

RAE & CO., P. BANERJEA.
Managing Agents Secretary.
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS,
Chief Agents: Bombay Presidency.
72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN THE NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO LIMITED.

Because—

(1) It is one of the foremost Indian Life Offices of unquestionable security.

(2) It offers world-wide policies at moderate rates.

(3) It is one of the very few offices issuing policies with Automatic Protection.

(4) Its policies have no irksome restrictions

For further information, Prospectus, etc. please apply to—

THE GENERAL AGENTS.
Bombay and Deccan,
42, Medows Street
BOMBAY.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
(HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY).

Chairman—The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY, Kt.

Attractive Schemes at Low Rates.

For Prospectus and further particulars Apply to—

SECRETARIES & MANAGERS,
JIVANLAL, DASTUR & Co.,
112, Esplanade Road, Fort

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE
HOWITT-PHILLIPS CO.
TO-DAY BANK HOLIDAY
MATINEE AT 5 P. M.
The rollicking farce
"YE GODS."
The comic disaster that befell a man who scoffed at some old idols.

TO-NIGHT AT 9-30
By Special Request
"PEG O' MY HEART"
The Charming Irish Comedy with
Miss DORIS-PHILLIPS AS PEG

To-morrow, Friday & Saturday at 9-30 p. m.
For the first time in India.
Charles Dickens' Masterpiece
"A TALE OF TWO CITIES"
Brilliant Costume Play. The story of an Englishman's superb heroism at the time of the French Revolution.

Saturday, Matinee at 5
"EAST LYNNE"

BOOKING AT S. ROSE & Co.
Prices—Night: Stalls Rs. 5, Dress Circle Rs. 3 Balcony Rs. 2, Gallery Re. 1. and Boxes from Rs. 15 and upwards.
MATINEE:—Stalls Rs. 3, Dress Circle and Balcony Rs. 2, Gallery Re. 1 and Boxes from Rs. 10 and upwards.

NO CINEMA TO-DAY

To-morrow at 6-30
ANOTHER HUGE PICTURE EVENT
Mr. E. H. DuCASSE presents
all well-known Stars of English Nation
"THE VICAR OF WAKEFIELD"
In which every part is taken by great London stars, including

Sir John Hare	Marie Illington
Laura Cowie	Ben Webster
A. E. George	Mabel Twemlow.

UNIQUE EVENT IN THE HISTORY OF CINEMA
Prices:—Rs. 1-8, Re. 1, Ans. 8 and 4 Boxes Rs. 2 per seat. Family Boxes for 4 Rs. 5.

NEW ALEXANDRA

Near Crawford Market.
THIS EVENING EXTRA PRIZE SHOW AT 5-15 ON ACCOUNT OF COCOANUT DAY
SPECIAL PRIZE SHOW AT 8-45 P.M.
when the following prizes will be given.
Rs. 50 Post Office Cash Certificate
given by the Bombay Branch of the Universal Film Manufacturing Company,
Rs. 50 Post Office Cash Certificate
given by the Proprietors of the New Alexandra Cinema.
EVERYONE A CHANCE.
SEE
THE THRILLING SCENE
in which an Eagle carries a child 6,000 feet above the ground, and deposits it upon the edge of a precipice, until it is rescued by a monkey, in
JACKO
THE LION-HEARTED.
A COMEDY-DRAMA IN FOUR REELS
featuring
THE MOST WONDERFUL MONKEY EVER SCREENED
Also showing
PICTORIAL NEWS
War Office Official
Chip's Carmen
A Juvenile Burlesque on
CHARLIE CHAPLIN'S 'CARMEN'
3 Shows Nightly at 5-15, 7, 8-45 & 10-30.

THE PLOT THICKENS!
The Fourth Week of the exquisitely Adventurous Romantic Serial
"The Secret Kingdom"
is perhaps the strongest, most vital portion of the whole story.
The 4 New Parts—(5,000 feet)—exhibited this week are full of strange and extraordinary happenings set in amidst inspiring and weird surroundings.
CINEMA
PRECIOUS
(Grant Road Tram Terminus)
A DELIGHTFUL 3,000 FEET DRAMA
"THE JUNGLE HERO"
AND A COMEDY IN THE PROGRAMME.
Special Prize Matinee Show to-day at 5-15 p.m. (S.T.) owing to the Cocoanut Holiday.
Rest of the Shows at: 7; 8-45; 10-30 p.m. (S.T.)

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR

Lessees: The Excelsior Theatres Co., Ld.
TO-NIGHT at 9-30
T. DANIEL FRAWLEY
Presents the
Frawley Comedy Co.
To-night Wednesday, 21st August
The Great Character Drama
"KICK IN."
Thurs. 22nd & Friday 23rd
For the first time in Bombay
"SEVEN KEYS TO BALDPATE"
The Mystery Comedy.
Saturday 24th August
For the first time in Bombay
"A PAIR OF SIXES"
The most Laughable Comedy of recent years.
Sunday 25th Matinee at 5-30
"BOUGHT & PAID FOR"

Plans as usual at ROSE & Co.
Upto 1 p.m.; after 4 p.m. at the Theatre.
To-day at 6-30 p.m.
EXCELSIOR NEW AND EXCITING SERIAL
"SOCIAL PIRATES"
1ST AND 2ND EPISODES
COMMENCEMENT OF THE GREAT SERIAL THIS WEEK.

THE PROPRIETORS
OF THE
NEW ALHAMBRA
CINEMA
have purchased the world-renowned film
"Maciste Alpino"
WITH COMPLETE RIGHTS.
Those wishing to book it are requested to see the Manager at the Cinema.

At 3-30 TO-DAY At 3-30
SPECIAL HALF PRICE MATINEE
AT 6-30 TO-NIGHT AT 6-30
USUAL
PALACE
OF VARIETIES
GAIETY THEATRE
Last Performance! Last Performance!!
OF
ALBERT MORROW
MAGICIAN.
DORIS LEE
TELEPATHIST.
GORDON FORBES
VENTRILOQUIST.
EDWARD LUPIN
AT THE PIANO.
NORAH MOORE
VOCALIST.
CH. MORRIS
COMEDIAN AND DANCER.
TO-MORROW! TO-MORROW!!
GALA NIGHT AND CHANGE
THE GAIETY CO.
presents
MAMMOTH VARIETIES
AND
PATHE'S GOLD ROOSTER
Drama in 4 Acts.
A NEW ADDITION OF
Little Mary Sunshine
Featuring
BABY OSBORNE
The Youngest Leading Lady in the world

NEW ALHAMBRA
CINEMA
NEW SANDHURST ROAD.
Telephone No. 2417.
THE FIFTH INSTALMENT OF
'The Broken Coin'
Most Vivid and Interesting.
EDDIE POLO
In An Entire New Garb.
Wednesday 21st August being Bank Holiday
Special Prize Matinee at 5-15.
Saturday and Sunday Prize Matinees at 3-30 and 5-15 and Nightly at 7; 8-45 and 10-30 (S.T.)

THE EMPIRE

SPECIAL HOLIDAY MATINEE TO-DAY AT 4 P.M.
To-day at 4, 6, 8 & 10 p.m.
THE EMPIRE PRESENTS THE GREATEST 8-ACT SPECTACLE DRAMA IN THE HISTORY OF THE SCREEN
"ROMEO & JULIET"
A Classic Production De Lux unfolding a story of ROMANTIC POWER.
SHAKESPEARE'S CLASSIC MASTERPIECE IS A DRAMATIC SCREEN TRIUMPH
The Tale of the World's Most Famous Lovers
Parted in Life by the Malignant Hand of Fate. Reunited in Death by their own sacrifices. This is SHAKESPEARE'S MASTERPIECE OF THE AGES!

"ROMEO"	"JULIET"
is played by	is played by
The World's Most Popular Picture Star	A New Empire Star
FRANCIS X. BUSHMAN.	Beautiful BEVERLEY BAYNE.

PRODUCTION COST 250,000 DOLLARS. CAST OF OVER 600 PLAYERS.
Special Holiday Matinee at 4 p.m.

THE PENULTIMATE WEEK!
THE FOURTH INSTALMENT OF
"The Neglected Wife"
(6 fresh parts—6000 feet)
are simply "gripping" from the start to the finish. One universal exclamation of "Bravo!" emanates from enraptured audiences. A pure unvarnished Social Drama of Every-Day Life, this Serial Sublime has carried home to thousands of hearts, young and old, an imperishable moral precept. "In your domestic life do nothing in private of which you would be ashamed in public."
Once again—we exhort you not to tarry. Never mind if you have missed the previous chapters. It makes no difference. Come this week—come to-day!
THE WEST-END CINEMA
(NEW CHURNEY ROAD)
Special Prize Matinee Shows To-day at 5-30 p. m. (S. T.)
Rest of the Shows at—7, 8-45, 10-15 p. m. (S. T.)

THE MAJESTIC
TRAM TERM GIRGAUM.
TO-NIGHT AT 7, 8-45 and 10-30
JACKO A drama in four parts depicting wonderful feats of a monkey.
ALSO SHOWING
The Universal Screen Magazine
AND A
Side Splitting Comic
SPECIAL PRIZE SHOW TO-DAY AT 5-15.

How India Can Save The Empire

A collection of the speeches delivered by the Members of the India Deputation and other Leaders on the Present Situation and the future work before us, with a Foreword.

BY B. P. WADIA.

Price Re. 1

India for Indians.

This is a collection of the speeches delivered by Mr. C. R. Das on Home Rule for India wherein he has also tellingly exposed the fallacy of Anglo-Indian Agitation against Indian aspirations. The book opens with an Introduction by Babu Motilal Ghose, Editor, "Amrita Bazar Patrik."

Price As. 12

2nd Edition, Revised and Enlarged.

The Soul of India.

A vision of the past and future, by Mrs. Sarojini Naidu.

Price As. 4

The Indian Nation Builders.

This is the only Publication which gave the biographies and speeches of thirty-six eminent Indians, with their portraits in three comprehensive volumes at such a cheap cost of Rs. 4-8-0 (Volume I, Re. 1-8-0; Vol. II, Re. 1-8-0; Vol. III, Re. 1-8-0). Each Volume contains the biographies and select speeches of twelve eminent Indians and is bound in cloth. Revised and enlarged edition.

The three Volumes, if purchased at a time, will be given for Rs. 4-0-0.

"The Statesman":—The volumes will be found of distinct use by all who are interested in Indian political affairs.

"The Hindustan Review":—A commendable contribution to the literature of the Indian Renaissance.

Heroes of the Hour.

This is a collection of exhaustive biographical studies of "Mahatma Gandhi, Tilak Maharaj and Sir S. Subramania Aiyar," wherein is given copious account of the various activities of these three heroes in building up the Indian Nation. To read the inspiring and instructive lives and career of these three heroes is to know how to consecrate our life for our Motherland. Three excellent portraits adorn the book which is printed on Antique paper and bound in cloth and board.

Price Rs. 1-8

Sir Rabindranath Tagore.

His Life, Personality and Genius, by K. S. Ramaswami Sastri, B.A., B.L., with a Foreword by Mr. J. C. Rollo.

Mr. Ramaswami Sastri has given vital help towards the understanding of Rabindranath and his religious, lyrical and dramatic conceptions and also a comprehensive study that is invaluable. The author does for Tagore what Stopford Brooks has done for Tennyson and Browning—to supply a popular exposition critical and exhaustive of the poet's work.

Price Rs. 8

Swami Ram Tirtha.

His Life and Teachings. Sixth Edition Revised and Enlarged.

"The Advocate of India" writes.—All those who are interested in the thoughts of the East should buy, beg or borrow this book and study it.

"The Hindusthan Review" writes:—The present edition which has been carefully revised and considerably enlarged, collects for the first time some of the Swami's most characteristic writings which enhance the value of an already excellent book. The get-up does credit to the resources of the publishing firm of Messrs. Ganesh & Co., Madras. Over 800 Pages D.C. 16m. Cloth Bound.

Price Rs. 2-8

Select Essays of Sister Nivedita.

This is a comprehensive collection of the select essays of the late Sister Nivedita, who was devoting her life to the cause of India. The publishers hope that a perusal of the book will amply repay the readers. The book opens with an introduction by Mr. A. J. F. Blair, Editor, "Empire," Calcutta, and is illustrated with four halftone pictures.

Price Rs. 1-8

Urge Divine.

By Saint Nihal Singh.

The essays comprised in this volume are varied in character. They relate to agricultural, industrial, educational, philanthropic and personal topics. There is none of them which does not point a valuable moral for India.

Price Re. 1

GANESH & Co.

Publishers, MADRAS.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAM.]

Liverpool, Aug. 19th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

New Contracts.

Months	To-day's price
Aug.	23.77
Sept.	23.50
Oct.	23.24
Nov.	23.01
Dec.	22.84

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m. nearest actual values.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

London, Saturday, Aug. 17th

	Bales
Total In Sight	12,800,000
Egyptian Visible Supply	296,000
East Indian ,, ,,	103 000
American ,, ,,	1,869 000
Other ,, ,,	78,000
Total Sales	7,000
East Indian Sales	1,100
Total Speculation	--
,, Export	--
East Indian Export	--
,, ,, Stock	51,000
,, ,, Forwarded	1,700
,, ,, Actual Export	--
,, ,, Imports	4,000
,, ,, Speculation	--
American Afloat	46,000
East Indian Afloat	3,000
Total Afloat	80,000

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 16th

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	Nil
,, Exports to Great Britain	Nil
,, ,, to Continent	--
Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	8¾
Demand Bills	4.75.60
Silver Commercial Bars	99¾

New York, Aug. 17th

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	6,000
,, Exports to Great Britain	--
,, ,, to Continent	--
Futures at New York Oct.	32.48
,, ,, Jan.	31.65
,, ,, Mar.	31 99
Spot Cotton at New York	35.70
,, ,, Orleans	30.55
Futures at New Orleans Oct.	31.44
,, ,, Jan.	31.24

MONEY MARKET.

London, Aug. 17th.

Bar Silver Spot	48 13/16
Closing Tone of Silver:—Quiet.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent since 5th April, 1917	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	3 1/2
,, Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	3 1/2
,, Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4 1/4
,, ,, ,, 6 ,,	4 5/8
(interest day to day loans	3
,, 7 day market loans	3 1/8
Consols 2½%	57
Rupee Paper 3½% Nominal	50
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	69½
Government Securities 3%	59½
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	27.60

WAR LOANS.

London, Aug. 17th

5½% 1925—1928	£88½
4½% 1925—1945	100¼
5% New	£94 13/16

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Aug. 17th

AUSTRALIAN.

Australian Wheat Value	79/6

RAPESEEDS

Rapeseed, Ferozepore usual Bold Afloat Value	590
Rapeseed Yellow Guzerat, 416 lbs. ex-Ship July-Aug.	600
Toria Rapeseed Afloat Value	600

METALS

English best Selected Copper	£133
Standard Copper G.M.B. Nominal	£126½
Hard Spelter	Nominal.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Aug.-Sept. Buyers	16/6
do. do. Aug.-Sept. Sellers	17/4½
Fine White Java, C. & F. Calcutta Aug.-Sept. Buyers	16/6
do. do. Aug.-Sept. Sellers	16/4½

Tone:—Very Firm.

RUBBER

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Sept.-Oct Sellers	3/6½
Plantation First Latex Crepe Sept. Buyers	3/1½

Tone:—Quiet.

URGENT FOR MARINE AND MILITARY DEPARTMENTS.

Modern British pattern Life Belts passed by the Board of Trade.

Manilla Ropes 1½" to 8"

Canvass of all classes

High class Packings

Steam-proof Rubber Sheets

Oars, Paints, &c.

Large stocks for immediate delivery.

APPLY—

E. K. PALIA & CO.

Bruce Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

Aug. 20.

This morning the nominal rate for Fine Broach September was Rs. 918. The Marwadi bazaar opened steadier at Rs. 926 and advanced to Rs. 928, but at this price sellers came out and the rate gradually dropped to Rs. 915. Later on the market recovered to Rs. 922. At Colaba the opening rate was Rs. 925, and other quotations were as under. No business in New Crop has, so far, been done in the Marwadi bazaar.

For ready cotton there was a moderate enquiry.

QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

Fine Broach	Sept.	Rs.	915
Good Sawginned Dharwar	,,	,,	915
,, M. G. Coompta	,,	,,	850
,, ,, Westerns	,,	,,	900

BOMBAY COTTON TRADE ASSOCIATION.

QUOTATIONS 20TH AUGUST 1918.

Growths.	Super-fine.	Fine	F.G	Gd.	Delivery.
M.G. Bengals	--	--	685	630	Ready.
Sawginned Dharwar	--	--	--	920	,,
M.G. Westerns	--	--	--	905	,,
M.G. Coompta	--	--	--	904	,,
M.G. Bagalkot	--	--	--	914	,,
M.G. Kadi Viramgam	--	--	890	--	,,
M.G Anjar	--	--	905	--	,,
M.G. Mundra	--	--	920	--	,,
M.G Limbdi Wadhwan	--	--	--	880	,,
Laktar Ginned	--	--	--	--	--
M.G. Athni Miraj	--	--	--	950	,,
M.G. Broach	--	875	--	--	,,

* RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m., on 19th Aug. 1918.

Cotton	4,757 bales.
Wheat	14 128 cwts.
Linseed	15.236 ,,
Raps, &c.	33 ,,
Ginzellyseed	Nil
Poppyseed	868 ,,
Groundnuts	2,560 ,,
Castorseed	13,527 ,,
Rice	29,266 ,,
Myrabollams	2,702 ,,
Cottonseed	1,575 ,,
Mowraseed	Nil
Gram	4,227 ,,
Jowar	Nil
Maine	Nil
Barley	1,927 ,,

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LD.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 20th August, 1918, at 6-30 p.m.

Growths.	Super-Fine.	Fine	Fully Good.	Good	F.G.F. Delivery.
Bengals (M.G.)	--	723	680	640	-- Ready
	--	715	675	--	-- Ready
Scinde-Punjab (M.G.)	--	--	--	--	-- Ready
Mundra (M.G.)	--	--	920	910	-- Ready
Broach (M.G.)	885	870	855	--	-- Ready
Kadi	--	--	895	875	-- Ready
Viramgam (M.G)	--	--	--	--	-- Ready
Limbdi Dharangadhra (M.G.)	--	--	890	870	-- Ready
Bhagalkote Bijapur (M.G.)	--	--	--	910	895 Ready
Sawgd. Dharwar	--	--	--	890	875 Ready
Westerns (M.G.)	--	--	--	890	875 Ready
Westerns (H.G.)	--	--	--	935	920 Ready
Compta (M.G.)	--	--	--	925	910 Ready
Athni-Miraj (M.G.)	--	--	--	--	--

WHEAT AND SEED.

The followingare to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay August 20th—6-0 p.m.

Ready.	Bazar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	61 8 0	8 2 0
,, ,, Cawnpore 70-30	61 0 0	8 0 0
,, Karachi Bangla	61 0 0	8 0 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	8 1 0	8 7 0
,, ,, Cawnpore	8 8 0	8 14 0
,, Yellow Cawnpore	8 8 0	8 14 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	8 2 0	8 8 0
,, Thin	8 12 0	9 2 0
Teelseed, White 85.15	80 0 0	....
,, Gajar 75.25	78 0 0	....
,, Gajar 50.50	76 0 0	....
,, Black	62 0 0	....
Poppyseed, White	11 4 0	12 0 0
Groundnuts	56 0 0	....
Mowraseed	5 12 0	....
Barley	41 0 0	....
Castorseed	75 0 0	15 4 0

Forward.	Rs. a. p.
Wheat April-May	8 8 3
Wheat Aug.-Sept.	9 2 3
Linseed May	11 2 0
Linseed Sept.	8 14 6

BOMBAY AND CHINA YARN MARKET.

Bombay, Aug. 20th 1918

	Rate per lb. Rs. a. p.
Davida No. 10	1—3—4
Shapurji No. 10	1—?—4
Simplex No. 10	1—3—6
Edward No. 10	1—3—4
Light Houses No. 61	1—2—6

[BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Aug. 20th, 1918.

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphs	1 6 15½
,, Demand	1 6 1
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s	1 6 7
Fcs. Demand	201
American Do lars	279
Hongkong ,,	237½
Shanghai	328½
Japan	154½
Singapore	156

Market Steady.

BOMBAY POST OFFICE SECTION.

Bombay, Aug. 20th.

		Total up-to-date,
War Bonds	Rs. 750-0 ..	1,78,825-0
Cash Certificates	,, 5,750-8 ..	2,72,692-0
Total	.. 6,500-8 ..	4,51,517-0

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

BULLION.

Bar Gold Rs. 31-15-0.
Sovereigns Rs. 19-10-0.
Silver Ready ex-duty Rs. 109-10-0.
Silver 1st Settlement Rs. 109-10-0.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London 1/5 31/32.
D. D. on London 1/6 1/16.
Credit 3Msd/a 1/6 7/16.
D. D. on France Fr. 203.
Credit 3Msd/a Fr. 212.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 147.
60 DD/st Japan Rs. 141½.
D. D. on Hongkong Rs. 227.
D. D. on Shanghai Rs. 321½.
D. D. on Singapore Rs. 155½.
D. D. on New York Rs. 279.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates:—
5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47 88.
5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920-22 98.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 78.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 93.
3½ per cent. Paper 69½.
4½ per cent. Port Trust long dated due 1926, 88.
4 per cent. Port Trust long dated 78½.
4 per cent. Municipal long dated 77½.
4 per cent. Municipal short dated 90.
4 per cent. City Improvement Trust long dated 76.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa 91.
5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary 90.
The following are the Bank rates:—
Bank of Bombay 5 per cent.
Bank of Bengal 5 per cent.
Bank of Madras 6 per cent.

SHARES.

The market continues firm and a fair amount of business was done both in Tata Steel shares as well as in mill shares.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

Swadeshi 2460, Swan 1125, Standard 2175, Simplex 1080 Sholapur 10000, Shapurji 160, Pearls 775, New Greats 467-8, Madras United 2100, Madhowji 2870, Luxmi Cotton 1960, Kohinoor 1790, Ind. Bleaching 217-8, Finlay 780, Fazulbhoy 957-8, David 657-8, Currimbhoy 490, Crescent 317-8, Colaba 1650, Century 555, Cen. India 2857-8 Bombay United 1240, By. Dyeing 1672-8, Advance 1700, Cen. Mining 45, Katni Ord. 280, Katni Deferred 1540, Tata Ord. 315, Tata Old D. 1645, Alcocks 862 8, By. Burma 765, By. Steam 400, By. Telephone 195, Tata Hydro. 1340.

The following are the closing rates of the New Stock Exchange:—

Swadeshi 2460, Swan 1125, Standard 2170, Simplex 1077-8 Shapurji 160, Pearls 775, New Greats 470, Madhowji 2880, Luxmi Cotton 1920, Kohinoor 1790, Indore 415, In. Bleaching 215, Finlay 785, Fazulbhoy 960, David 652-8, Currimbhoy 487-8, Crescent 318-12, Colaba 1650, Century 555, Nagpur 2860, By. United 1237-8, By. Dyeing 1690, Advance 1670, Cen. Mining 44, Katni Ord. 280, Katni Deferred 1540, Tata Ord. 320, Tata Old D. 1640, Alcocks 860, By. Burma 777-8, By. Steam 397-8, By. Telephone 200 and Tata Hydro 1340.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

The following is the statement of Liabilities and Assets of the Central Bank of India Limited, for the day ended 15th August, 1918:—

LIABILITIES.

Capital subscribed Rs. 50 lakhs.	
Capital Paid-up	25,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,60,000
Fixed Deposits, Current Accounts, etc.	5,28,13,000
Sundries	7,53,000
Total	5,65,66,000

ASSETS.

Cash Credits and Overdrafts on Government and other authorised securities	84,76,000
Loans on Government and other authorised securities	2,37,72,080
Bills Discounted	63,55,000
Sundries	8,66,000
Cash in hand, at Banks and Investments in Treasury Bills, War Bonds, Papers, Municipal Bonds, Debentures, etc	1,70,95,000
Total	5,65,66,000

Mr. E. Raymond, Public Prosecutor in Sind, has been temporarily appointed Assistant Judicial Commissioner of Sind.

The All-India Conference of Indian Christians is being arranged to be held at Nagpur in December to discuss the Reform Scheme. The Hon. Mr. M. S. Das (Cuttack) will preside.

POONA RACES.

HORSES LEFT IN FOR TO-DAY.

(From our Correspondent.)

First race starts at 2-45 p.m.

THE SANDHURST PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Helford 9-12, Verge 9-12, Poignant 8-7, Sampier 8-4, Radiant 8-4, Forward Dil 8-1, Tagamor 8-1, Buskin 8-0, Cyanite 7-13, Charcoal 7-12, Vallance 7-7, We Two 7-7, Mazboot 7-6, Anthracite 7-4.

THE ARCOT PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Louviers d'Or 9-10, Normannia 9-5, Foolish Fancy 9-4, Bandit 9-3, Dunskey 8-13, Black Kite 8-8, Vanity Box 8-7, Athlete 8-4, Dress 8-4, Fire Finch 8-3, Stop Watch 7-13, Binfield Grove 7-6, Dorian 8-5, Royal Band 7-2.

THE ELPHINSTONE PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Servian 9-4, Bright Bird 9-2, Penny Pie 8-13, Cheriton 8-7, Johnnie H. 8-5, Flotelle 8-2, Decorum 7-7, Watch Tower 7-5, Symptoms 7-5, Gay Lad 7-0.

THE AUNDH PLATE.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Dyna 9-5, Sospello 9-2, Dollet 9-0, Johnnie H. 8-7, Andoversford 8-7, Lady James 8-5, Impecunious 8-4, Fugle Lady 8-2, South Star 7-10, Peach Melba 7-5, Arles 7-5, Lucky Queen 7-4, Jennie Cree 6-7.

THE PATIALA PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

ubrey 1-02, Red Duke 9-12, Kestrel II 9-5, R. G. 9-2, Sugar Cane 8-5, Maple 8-2, Discarded 8-1, Black Friar 7-12, Black Stone 7-7, Maiden Palm 7-7, Esme 7-4, Sarfaraz 7-4, Bally Apple 7-2, Sugar Palm 6-10, Amphytrion 6-10.

THE LOHAGAON PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Durban 9-7, Tammooz 9-5, Baloz 8-13, Defender 8-9, Tawdry 8-7, Saidan 8-7, Dartmoor 8-6, Vellard 8-5, Four Aces 8-4, Union Jack 8-0, Najdi 7-13, Warminster 6-8, Justice 6-7.

THE SATARA PLATE.—Division I. Distance 6 furlongs.

Balloon 9-2, Osprey 9-2, Ace of Hearts 9-0, Tajilmulook 8-12, Black Ivory 8-12, Bhookhri 8-12, Gazal 8-11, Sultan 8-11, Natal 8-5, Sufwat 8-4, Investment 7-13, Dowlat 7-13, Ata Allah 7-12, Bayonet 7-12, Sacod 7-8, Amir Aswad 7-6.

THE SATARA PLATE.—Division II. Distance 6 furlongs.

Kaiumers 9-7, Cingaled 9-6, Cessation 9-5, Resold 9-0, Barrage 8-10, Ajab 8-10, Dictate 8-9, Raven 8-9, Subeh Pasha 8-6, Early Bird 8-6, Abba 8-6, Aladdin 8-5, The Knut 8-5, Hatham 8-3, Contest 8-2, Repeater 8-2, Miligation 8-0, Royal Taj 7-10, Shatra 7-10, Boxer 7-6, Port Arthur 7-4, Muckdunia 7-2, Rajputana 7-0, Competition 7-0, Chatham 6-12.

FORECAST

(By Our Racing Correspondent.)

For the 2nd Division of the Satara Plate we like

SUBEH PASHA

to win The KNUT second and SHATRA third, HATHAM may fluke.

⊙⊙⊙

To the 1st Division of the same Plate.

NATAL

win ATA ALLAH second, OSPREY third, GAZAL fluke.

⊙⊙⊙

FLOTELLE & DECORUM

will fight the issue in the Elphinstone Plate, WATCH TOWER a good outsider.

⊙⊙⊙

DEFENDER

ought to win the Lohagoan Plate easily, VELLARD second, FOUR ACES third and NAJDI good outsider.

⊙⊙⊙

For the Patiala Plate.

BLACK FRIAR

win, MAPLE second, BLACK STONE third.

⊙⊙⊙

DYNA

will run well in the Aundh Plate JONNIE H. second DOLLET third.

⊙⊙⊙

For the Ascot Plate.

DUNSKEY

win, BINFIELD GROVE second, BEDSPREAD third.

⊙⊙⊙

RADIANT

on last Bombay form should win the Sandhurst Plate, TAGAMOR second, CYANITE third, ROYAL BAND should be backed for fluke.

NO CHANGE OF SITUATION IN MESPOT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 20.

A communique says:—There is no change of situation in Mesopotamia.

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ASAF ALI CASE.

MR. DAVAR'S ADDRESS FOR DEFENCE.

DEFINITION OF "PUBLIC MEETING."

(From our Correspondent.)

DELHI, Aug. 16.

The case of Mr. Asaf Ali and Pandit Neki Ram was taken up again this morning by Mr. G. H. Spence, Additional Magistrate. The Court was crowded to hear Mr. Davar's address for the defence, as it was expected that he would address the Court, he having closed his case yesterday.

The Court: Have you heard anything about Champat Singh?

Public Prosecutor: He is not here.

The Court Clerk: An order for his attendance went out only yesterday.

The Court (to Mr. Davar): Do you wish to give up Champat Singh?

Mr. Davar: I do not wish to give up Champat Singh. All I would ask your Worship to do, is to strike off his evidence altogether. Under the Chapter of Warrant cases if the prosecution have called a witness and his cross-examination is reserved. . . . . .

The Court: You should either give up or call him. I have no power to strike off his evidence.

Mr. Davar: I don't know when he is coming. His coming is so indefinite.

The Court: There is the possibility of his arriving here to-morrow?

Public Prosecutor: Probably to-morrow, but I undertake to produce him within a week.

Mr. Davar: All over the Bombay Presidency, as well as in the City of Bombay, the practice is in a case falling under the Chapter of Warrant cases, when a witness is once called, is never allowed to go away without being made to sign a bond. If the Crown will not take care to secure the attendance of their witnesses, one cannot help it. I do not wish to give this witness up. All I say is that his evidence ought to be struck off if he is not available. Your Worship may give your ruling against me, but I only want that that ruling should be on record.

The Court: Yes.

MR. DAVAR'S ADDRESS.

May it please your Worship: In this case the questions you have to decide, fall under three heads. The first head is, "Whether the accused, Mr. Asaf Ali and Pandit Neki Ram, have committed a breach of the order served on them?" Whether that order was knowingly broken? "Knowingly" is defined for Penal Statutes as "deliberately or intentionally doing a particular thing which they ought not to do." Therefore, your Worship, in deciding both these points on evidence and on law, you have to discover the first important ingredients, namely, the knowledge or the intention of the accused in breaking that order. If you find that the order was not knowingly broken, then the accused are entitled to the benefit of the section of acquittal. You have to find, before you convict, on positive evidence and not on inference that the accused knew that they were breaking the order. The order, your Worship, is worded in such concise and clear terms as regards prohibiting the accused to address public meetings, that you have to find on evidence whether they knowingly broke the order. If you have any doubt as to their knowledge and intentions, they are entitled to the benefit of the doubt and to an acquittal. That is the first thing. Then the second question for your consideration is whether the accused addressed a "public meeting." That you have to gather from the evidence and the evidence alone. If this was a case in which there was no evidence, your Worship could fall back on the general section under which the Magistrate is supposed to act on presumption. The present is not a case in which you can fall back for the definition of the words "public meeting", in the absence of any positive evidence. The last point that arises for your consideration is the appreciation of evidence of the class of witnesses called by the prosecution to fix the knowledge of this meeting of the accused and to speak of the actual proceedings of the meeting, which would enable you to judge whether the meeting was private or public. I do not wish to labour these points at any great length by arguing whether this was or not a public meeting. I shall only place before you the argument that it can only be decided on evidence and evidence alone as to whether this was a private or public meeting.

PROSECUTION WITNESSES.

In this case the prosecution has called 10 witnesses. The first two are absolutely useless witnesses, inasmuch as they prove only the service of notices on the accused. The 3rd witness is Sat Narain, who is an officer who was deputed to make a search and seize certain papers in Home Rule office. He is, therefore, a witness of no importance in this case. The 4th one, who was called, is, again, a hopeless witness for the purpose of deciding the main question in this case. He formed a punch and accompanied the Inspector to the Home Rule office and took certain registers. Then comes a series of witnesses who are important. The prosecution have relied on them for the purpose of proving that this meeting of the 16th June last was a public meeting and not a private meeting. The first in this series of witnesses comes Lakshmi Narain, the Saraf, who was present at the meeting. Then comes Ayub Ali. He is a gentleman on whose performance I shall dilate in greater detail later on. Next to him is Dina barber. The last two witnesses, but one, for the prosecution were people who were called to say that they belonged to a section of the public, that they were as public at the Dharamsala and that they attended this particular meeting. The last witness was a register-keeper of the Dharamsala. Nothing turns on his evidence, except this that he was accompanied by a detective who wanted to get in and who was rejected. The important witness are Lakshmi Narain, Ayub Ali and Dina barber, so far as they deserve any comments from me. Their selection as prosecution witnesses seems as if it was a selection of most respectable gentlemen. One of these witnesses has disappeared. He has not been found by the police. His evidence would be most material to the Crown if he was present at the meeting on the 15th, where it was announced that on the 16th a private meeting would be held and that it would be restricted to the members of the Home Rule League. He wished to hear Mr. Asaf Ali on the 16th at the private meeting, because he knew that Mr. Asaf Ali would not be able to speak at a public meeting, and, therefore, he became a member of the Home Rule League and attended the meeting on the 16th, which was a private meeting. I submit that his evidence is wholly for the defence and does not help the prosecution in the least degree.

AYUB ALI.

Then we have Ayub Ali, whose word is practically of no value, as being the word of a confirmed convict.

The Court: If he is a confirmed convict and was sent to jail, what does it matter?

Mr. Davar: I will ask your Worship to adopt my appreciation of that gentleman's conduct. You find what his past life is. He came here bedecked in the robes and a red Pagri and posed as a most respectable witness, bent on helping Government in stopping this agitation. What does he say in cross-examination? He said he did not know when he entered the hall what Home Rule was. He said he did not know what the aims and objects of the Home Rule League were. You saw his performance. He said he was a contractor in timber and still did not know how he was financially placed, because he had not made up the accounts to ascertain his profits in the business. Then he posed as an Apostle of Islam, in which capacity he broke an organisation out of a religious sentiment. He broke it because he discovered that it was a political one and not purely Islamic. In order to advance the cause of Islam he broke that institution and gave up the scholarship of Rs. 15 a month connected with that institution. He broke it because he discovered that it was a political institution and because he believed that a political institution was a very bad thing to the Government. So he broke it and gave up the scholarship. His next venture is in the post office at Meerut. In connection with his service in that office he would not say definitely how he lost it. The next part he played was to secret a gun inside his house—whether for the benefit of himself or Government there is no information. At any rate, Government thought that he was a dangerous man, because he possessed a gun, and locked him up for a year. Ever since he has been out of jail he has followed the honest profession of making sterile and barren women pregnant by magic and of looking after the length of life of young children. Call him an imposter, or call him a quack, he is a specimen of humanity quite unfit to exist in the midst of civilisation. Very well. What further does he do? He went to the Home Rule League, of whose organisation he never knew anything and of whose aims and objects he was ignorant. He went there for whose benefit? Not for his own, but according to him, for the benefit of the Mussalman community. He thought it was derogatory, according to the instructions of the Kuran, to allow the mixture of idolators like Hindus with Mussalmans. He was preaching the gospel of the Prophet to the Mussalman community, and yet you find him going to the Home Rule meeting. What right has this mischief-monger to go to the Lakshmi Narain's Dharamsala except that this pauper was caught hold of by the police and sent by the police? You find he has afterwards made a statement to the police. He is a police spy disguised as a specimen of honourable humanity.

The Court: Granting all that, how does it help your case?

Mr. Davar: I am only commenting on the class of people which the prosecution called to bring home the charge to the accused. I don't say this evidence helps me. All I want is that you should come to the conclusion that the Government or the police or whoever is responsible for taking this step, resorted to these hirelings to try to become members of the Home Rule League and so get admission into the meeting and find out what is said there or what is done there. This is the specimen of humanity that played into the hands of the police on the occasion. The evidence of these peoples is resorted to bring home the charge to the accused, that they spoke at a meeting which was public and not a private one. Therefore, I see that the evidence of this class of specimens should be discarded by the Court *in toto*. The evidence of this class of witnesses deserves the greatest condemnation at the hands of a Judicial officer..

UNCALLED PROSECUTION WITNESSES.

Then you have a very interesting statement in this case, which is most educative. The case has been conducted by the Public Prosecutor of the place, who, I understand, is a gentleman of experience. It is clear from the information that the report was prepared by the Superintendent of Police, Delhi. There are certain portions in it to which I want to draw your attention. The most important portion is the admission of a gentleman who has been kept out of the box. In order to ascertain whether this was a private or public meeting, you have the very best evidence of the principal mover of this prosecution. They are kept out of the box and the truth of their other statements remains untested. (Counsel tries to read from the information.)

The Court: There is no necessity for you to read it.

Mr. Davar: I want to draw your Worship's attention to certain admissions. (Counsel reads as follows.)

Mr. P. L. Orde, Superintendent of Police, says in his report that on the 12th it was announced that a private meeting would be held on the 15th at which accused would speak. But the idea was abandoned and a public meeting was held instead. It was announced by the Secretary of the League at this meeting that a private meeting of the members of the Delhi League would be held on the 16th, which was held and accused spoke at that meeting. Further he says that he consulted the Public Prosecutor in whose opinion that meeting could not *rightly be* described as a *private meeting*, and the prosecution of the accused *was likely* to succeed. "Again", said Counsel, "Mr. Orde who has been kept out of the witness-box, is also pleased to say in his report, or written, but untestified statement or complaint, whatever you like to call it, that two C. I. D. Constables disguised as travellers, were present at the meeting of 16th June. Where are these witnesses who were disguised as travellers to listen to the speeches at the meeting? Where are they? They have disappeared!

The Court: The prosecution did not call them.

Mr. Davar: Why should they not?

The Court: Perhaps, they considered they would not help their case. There is no obligation on the part of the prosecution to call any particular witnesses.

Mr. Davar: I think it is the duty of the prosecution to call these witnesses, because they have mentioned that it is they who gave them certain information. In this argument, your Worship, I am relying on the procedure laid down by all the High Courts. It is the duty of the prosecution to call those witnesses on whom they rely.

The Court: It is within the discretion of the prosecution.

EVIDENCE KEPT BACK.

Mr. Davar: Yes, but the prosecution ought to know that if they did not call these witnesses, who are important their conduct was likely to evoke comments. These witnesses were not called, I submit, because the prosecution believed that these witnesses would not support the prosecution story, that the meeting of the 16th June, was a public meeting and not a private meeting. Therefore, these witnesses were kept back. I submit this is an important document showing that the prosecution knew, before they started the prosecution, that from the very beginning it was announced that the meeting of the 16th was going to be a *private* meeting, that it was going to be restricted only to the members of the Home Rule League, and that the public would be excluded from it. This is the best test on which I rely to explain why the prosecution did not call these important witnesses. I do not wish to comment any more on this point. In every criminal case there is an information, or complaint the truth of which is sworn to by some one. In this case, the Superintendent of Police got the information from certain people and primarily moved this prosecution, and yet he is not produced and we are not given an opportunity of cross-examining him. This is the first irregularity for which I rely on this document. Secondly, every statement contained in the document gives the knowledge of the Government before they started this prosecution, they knew that the meeting of the 16th was a private meeting. From the contents of this document you have the best indication of the knowledge of Government as to what was passing in the minds of the organisers of the meeting, because it was distinctly announced at the meeting of the 15th June that the meeting of the 16th June would be a private one, restricted only to the members of the Home Rule League. Appearing for the accused, I say that this Report is of some importance and requires very great consideration before it can be light-heartedly brushed aside. It is my duty, as appearing for the defence, to put every point before this Court lest it should be argued hereafter that in the Lower Court the Magistrate ought to have been honestly put in possession of all the important points in favour of the accused. Therefore, I have to put every point before this Court. I say that is the reason why I am labouring this point. Here is a document which conclusively shows what was the meaning and the intention of the conveners of the meeting of the 16th June; it also tells you how the meeting was carried on and that all through it was a private meeting and not a public meeting. It is from this standpoint that this document is very important.

"RESPECTABLE" POLICE WITNESSES.

Your Worship asked me, "Supposing Ayub Ali was a convict and had been to jail, what importance is to be attached to that circumstance?" This is the importance that I attach to his evidence and to the circumstance that he is a convict and that he had been sent to jail. I say the police, failing to produce better witnesses to prove that the meeting of the 16th June was a public meeting, had to resort to these two witnesses, Ayub Ali and Dina barber, the most respectable witnesses, to be found in the whole of Delhi. There is also the third equally respectable witness, Champat Singh. Now, as for Ayub Ali, he was accused at the meeting of the 16th June with being a police spy and was insulted and was brought from his original seat, in a corner of the hall, and seated in front of the president of the meeting. He was called a police spy to his face. If he was really a respectable gentleman and not a police spy, why, the fact that he was called a police spy to his face and that he was insulted in the meeting, gave him a thumping cause of action for damages against the organisers of the meeting. But he knew the depth of the water in which he was swimming so that instead of taking any such step, he plunged into writing a letter in which he protested that he was a respectable citizen, and asked if the Home Rule League was right in treating its respectable members in such a disgraceful manner. I will read his letter written to the Secretaries of the Home Rule League, Delhi Branch. It is as follows:

Reads letter which contained allegations regarding his ill-treatment by the members of the League.) He is an imposter who went to that meeting of the 16th June representing himself to be a member of the Home Rule League by signing the form of membership and paying Rs. 1-4-0. That is one thing.

DINA THE BARBER.

Then we come to another prosecution witness, Dina the barber. He was called here, I suppose, as a member of the respectable public; he said he entered this meeting and found it to be a public meeting and heard what was going on. This is the evidence of this barber-witness. In all his life he had never been to a Home Rule League meeting; he did not know what was meant by a Home Rule League meeting; somebody told him it was a 'Jalsa.' Your Worship will remember he said that somebody told him that there was a Home Rule League 'Jalsa.' This is the evidence of this man who, in his prosperous times earns from Rs. 10 to Rs. 15 and in hard times nothing. This is the man who frankly admits that he cannot afford to throw away Rs. 1-4-0; he must live on shaving the beards of people day and night and he went to see this 'Tamasha' and when he saw nothing like a 'Tamasha' he walked away. He paid Rs. 1-4-0 and got a ticket; he thought it was a ticket of a cinematograph, he saw nothing and came out disappointed. He saw a form and put his signature to it which he had never done in his life. This poor man was taken in by the Home Rule League by making him pay Rs. 1-4-0. Possibly he is not in league with the police and knows nothing about the prosecution but, anyhow, next morning when he is shaving a Bania in comes a Police Inspector, who says, "Hullo, last night what did you see?" The Policeman asked him and, says the accused, "I told him what I saw and heard." Witness says "I never knew the Policeman." Witness admitted that he went there on the false pretence as a member of the Home Rule League. When he went there a declaration was read to him. I submit that he went in as a Police spy. He got admission by obtaining the membership card under a false pretext. If you believe the evidence for the defence—

The Court: I accept the defence evidence.

A POLICE HIRELING.

Mr Davar: Then you will have no hesitation in coming to the conclusion that this witness for the prosecution is one of the hirelings of the Police. He went to the place of the meeting believing it was a Bioscope, got a ticket which he believed to be a Bioscope ticket. He paid the price of the ticket, put the signature to a form and his name is registered. I submit he went in merely as a Police hireling, because he was to be brought up as a witness to prove that the meeting was a public meeting. I cannot see what other inference can be drawn from this man's evidence. For whose benefit did he go there? He goes to the meeting in the evening and by mere chance, while he is shaving a Bania the next day, a Police Inspector comes and takes down his evidence. The man knows nothing of what was forthcoming. He goes to the 'Tamasha'. The next morning he finds himself in the presence of a Police Inspector, who asks him whether the meeting was private or public. In this case the prosecution or the local police think that Counsel, and the Magistrate, and all concerned with the administration of justice are so gullible as to come to the conclusion from the evidence of witnesses of the type of Ayub Ali and Dina barber, called by the prosecution, that this meeting of the 16th June was a public meeting and not a private meeting. It is certainly insulting the intelligence of all those connected with the criminal administration in this country to ask a gentleman of your experience to say that these prosecution witnesses were all respectable citizens who went into the public meeting without knowing what was meant by the Home Rule League.

Then we come to another prosecution witness, Kesho the cloth dealer. He has made certain admissions in his examination-in-chief which are quite good for my purpose. He is the strongest pivot—the strongest plank—in the structure which the prosecution has raised here. His evidence refers to the people of the Dharamsala and the public nature of the gathering there. What does he say in the examination-in-chief? He says there were two meetings in the Dharamsala. In the first a lot of people attended, and in the second a few people attended. He said at the second meeting there were some men on the roof. In cross-examination he proves the case for the defence entirely to the hilt. He said men were planted at the door to guard against non-members coming in and that the inhabitants of the Dharamshala were turned out from the ground floor on to the roof. The men on the roof were made to go to a place from where they could not possibly see anything or follow the proceedings. That is a conclusive corroboration of our story, however much the Court may be inclined to throw dirt on the witnesses for the defence.

The Court: Not in the least. You have no right whatever to make that remark.

Mr. Davar: I say, however much the Court *may be*. I do not suggest your Worship *will*. If I did I would say here is a corroboration of our story by a prosecution witness, however much the Court may doubt the authenticity or truth of the evidence for the defence.

The Court: I accept the defence evidence. I cannot say, however, that every one of the prosecution witnesses has told lies.

PRIVATE CHARACTER OF MEETING.

Mr. Davar: If the story told by the defence witnesses is correct, the story of the witnesses for the prosecution is incorrect. You cannot believe and disbelieve both sides. You must come to the conclusion that you believe one side and disbelieve the other. Is this case I have no doubt the evidence for the defence is such that, I submit, no Court can disbelieve. Take, for instance, the evidence for the defence as to the precautions taken at the meeting that it should be attended only by the members of the Home Rule League. I am sure the Court will come to one conclusion that every effort was made to keep this as a private meeting which, at the inception, was called as a private meeting; therefore, I say, whatever the disqualifications or qualifications of the witnesses for the prosecution, you have from them this important corroboration of the defence evidence, that every possible precaution was taken to make the meeting a private meeting, only for the members of the Home Rule League and not for outsiders. Ayub Ali was an interloper. He came inside the hall by a trick. He gained admission by becoming a member and obtaining a card of membership. No one suspected him in the beginning that he had come there as a spy to certify later on that the nature of the meeting was not private but public. I say, your Worship, so far as his evidence is concerned, regarding his attempt to make out that it was a public and not a private meeting, throughout his evidence there is not a scintilla of proof, not an atom of evidence, that the meeting of the 16th was not a private meeting. Now, your Worship, in considering this man's evidence, you have to consider what the intention of the organisers of the meeting was.

(To be continued.)

The death took place at his residence in Lahore on Friday morning of Lala Sangam Lal, Pleader Chief Court, Lahore, after a short illness. Lala Sangam Lal was an old Congressman and was General Secretary of the Reception Committee of the Lahore Congress of 1909.

RAIN FLOOD IN GIRGAUM.

COMPLAINT TO CORPORATION.

A meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday, Dr. S. Batliwala presiding, when consideration was given to a letter, dated the 13th August, 1918, from Dr. F X Ferreira, and 120 others, residents of Girgaum Road, stating that for the past several years a portion of Girgaum Road between Mugbhat and Kandewadi got flooded after a sharp shower of rain lasting for about 10 minutes and that it took about 20 minutes for the water to subside; that during that time it was impossible for them to approach or leave their houses without engaging carriages or resorting to other makeshifts; that if the shower lasted longer, the conditions became worse; that besides causing inconvenience and discomfort, the flood was a positive source of danger, as the rain water got mixed with dirt and filth from storm-water drains and probably also from sewage drains and that the people having to wade through the water were likely to carry infection of various kinds of diseases; inviting attention to the condition of the compound of the Municipal School on the road after a smart shower, and pointing out that if the shower occurred just before morning school hours, or before recess, or before closing hours, the little children got thoroughly drenched and that several of them had been saved from drowning in the side gutters into which they had accidently slipped while entering or going out of the school; adding that numerous complaints had been sent to the Drainage Department and to the Commissioner but to no effect, and requesting that steps might be taken to prevent the flooding during the present monsoon.

The Committee resolved to forward the letter to the Commissioner for favour of remarks.

KALYAN MUNICIPALITY.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—My attention was directed to the communication of your correspondent which appeared in a column of your issue of "Chronicle" of 25-7-18, regarding slackness of Kalyan Municipality at the time of emergencies. This communication though an anonymous one brings home discredit to the Municipality by writing all false things The Municipality choose to turn a deaf ear to the article, but as it finds place in a worthy paper like "Chronicle" I, on behalf of the Municipality, write by way of removing the general prejudice which must be prevailing due to the false allegations made by your correspondent and I request that you will kindly spare a certain space in the important columns of your paper.

No sooner a cry was heard in the town early at about 5-30 p.m. on the day of the fire than the Municipal employees carried the fire pump kept in the Municipal compound with all the accessories and water carts etc. at about 6-15 a.m., on the scene of fire. In the moffusal Municipalities this intervening period of about ½ of an hour seems quite excusable to make prompt preparations to face the danger.

It has been quite falsely alleged by your correspondent that the Municipal officers from Inspector to the Chairman tried to shirk off the responsibility. I myself when I heard the news at about 5-30 a.m. ran up to the Municipal office and with the assistance of the Municipal employees and certain townsmen carried away the fire pump to the scene of fire within ½ of an hour. No informant had ever been either to the Secretary or to the Overseer to carry away this news. They themselves appeared very promptly at the scene and worked with greatest zeal.

No informant came to me also and I informed nobody that I cannot do anything without President's knowledge. The fire pump was working in the best possible way —which is obvious that the extensive fire to the shop which contained all cumbustible material came under control, within an hour or two. Had it not been due to the satisfactory working of the pump all the thickly congested buildings round about the fire would have fallen into the jaws of fire accruing to an unaccountable loss.

It is also quite false that the Municipal menials refused to work without getting something. They commenced working most promptly under the prompt supervision of all the Municipal Officers and some of the Councillors and President himself.

The correspondent whoever he may be displays an effeminate and ungentlemanly spirit while trying to bring home such altogether false allegations against the Municipality and if he again tries to approach you in response to my statement the Municipality will turn a deaf ear to that and will keep silent.—Yours, etc.,

MANAGING COMMITTEE.
By order of the Chairman, M.C.
B. G. PARANJPE,
Secretary,
Kalyan Municipality.

Aug. 9.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

On Monday and last night at the Royal Opera House the Howitt-Phillips Company presented "The Glad Eye" for the first time during their present season. The acting was bright and brisk and, as playgoers know, a farce of the quality of "The Glad Eye" does not deteriorate for many years, though as comic pieces of standing are counted this is quite a modern one still. The only notable alteration in the cast—though there were several changes among the minor characters—was in the part of the old professor. Mr. Charles Bradley played him for the first time and extracted a great deal of amusement from his lines. He has made quite a bit and we would like to see him entrusted with more roles of similar importance.

To-morrow will be quite eventful at the Royal Opera House, for in the evening Mr. E. H. DuCasse presents the famous all-star film "The Vicar of Wakefield," with Sir John Hare in the title-role, and at night the Howitt-Phillips Company will produce Charles Dickens' masterpiece, "A Tale of Two Cities."

NITI SHIKHANA MANDALA.

The Narali Pournima Day will be celebrated under the auspices of the above Mandala to-day at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.) in the New English School, C. P. Tank, Bombay.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

Cocoanut Holiday, Banks closed.
Poona Races, Fourth Extra Meeting.
THURSDAY, Aug. 22.
Emergency Meeting of Council of Fort District Congress Committee, 72, Apollo Street, 4 p.m.
Lecture on "Indian Constitutional Reforms" by Mr. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri, Servants of India Society's Home, 6-30 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT.

Royal Opera House: Cinema at 6.30, 9-30 Howitt Phillips Co.
Excelsior: Frawley Co., at 9-30 and Cinema at 6-30.
Palace of Varieties: Gaiety Theatre 6-30 and 10-0.
West-End Cinema: Charni Road, 6-30, 8-0 8-45 and 10-15.
Empire Cinema: At 4, 6, 8, and 10 p.m.
Majestic Cinema: Girgaum, near Tram Terminus: 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.
Imperial Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30.
Precious Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-30 and 10-30 (S.T.).
New Alexandra Cinema: Lohar Chawl, Princess Street.
Eldorado Cinema: Lamington Road, 7-0, 8-45, and 10-30 (S.T.).
New Alhambra Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 (S.T.).

BAND AT BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

The Band of the 1/13th G. I. P. Ry. Battalion, (I. D. F.), will play at the Bombay Gymkhana this evening, commencing, at 6-15 p.m.

INDIAN LIBERAL CLUB.

Under the auspices of this Club a public lecture will be delivered by the Hon. Mr. V. S. Shrinivas Shastri on "The Indian Constitutional Reforms" at the Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, to-morrow at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.).

WILSON COLLEGE AMATEURS.

Under the patronage of Lord and Lady Willingdon the Wilson College Amateurs will stage "Totayache Bund," "The Impostor's Rebellion, a Marathi Drama" by Mr. N. C. Kelkar, at 3 p.m., to-day, in the New Elphinstone Theatre in aid of the Wilson College Marathi Literary Society—and the War Relief Fund.

FORT DISTRICT CONGRESS CO

An emergency meeting of the Council of the Fort District Congress Committee will be held at the office of Messrs. Halai & Co., 72, Apollo Street, Fort, to-morrow at 4 p.m. (S. T.), to elect delegates for the special session of the Indian National Congress. Members of the Council are requested to be present.

RADIANT CLUB.

The prizes distribution ceremony of the Radiant Club to distribute the medals and certificates of St. John Ambulance Association Simla to the successful students in First Aid classes of the club, will be held at Marwadi Vidyalaya, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon, this evening at 5 p.m. (S. T.). Mr. K. Nattrajan will preside.

TWO YEARS TO AN OLD OFFENDER.

Before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, at the Esplanade Police Court, Inspector Chapman charged Abdul Gani Kalekhan with theft of G. C. notes for Rs. 200 from the pockets of a man who was getting into a tramcar. The accused was caught while he was running away. He had seven previous convictions, and he was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

ALLEGED FALSE COMPLAINT.

ACCUSED ACQUITTED.

At the Esplanade Police Court on Saturday last, Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate disposed of a case in which one Habib Valji charged Mr. Peter Rego Furtado, Principal Agent in Bombay, Santa Casa and Hospicio Goa Lotteries, residing at Tribhuwan Terraces, Lamington Road, with making a false complaint of theft against him.

The complainant and his witnesses having been examined and the accused having made a statement the Magistrate in giving his decision remarked that the evidence for the prosecution was full of discrepancies and inconsistencies and was therefore unacceptable. He further observed that although the finding of lottery account raised a certain amount of suspicion, yet no charge could be framed against the accused. The accused was therefore discharged.

Mr. A. K. Gadkari appeared for the complainant and Mr. Phillip Godinho for the accused.

NEW ALEXANDRA.

A well-known actress remarked the other day that the finest actors of all were monkeys—they are so natural—and certainly this idea is more than confirmed by the Chez production, "Lion-Hearted Jacks", which is being screened at the New Alexandra Cinema this week. There are few comedians that compare with Jacko when he is in a truly frivolous mood. His semi-human antics are grotesquely funny on the screen. There is a strong story woven round this remarkable animal's cleverness it is quite a drama in fact, which is relieved by the comicalities of Jacko.

The great scene of the play is where an eagle draws the hero of its cage, and, seizing a baby, flies over lofty heights, pursued by an airship and a troupe of mountaineers. There are only three days left to see this wonderful picture.

This evening there will be a special prize show at 8-45, when two Post Office Cash Certificates of the value of Rs. 50 will be given as prizes.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Wednesday, 21st August, 1918.

"A NATIONAL CRIME."

The striking rally of Moderates round the Indian National Congress in face of the danger threatening it from the nefarious attempts of a handful of Seceders is truly astonishing. The Madras Moderates have refused to a man to toe the line of secession. The Hon. Mr. M. Ramchander Rao protested in the conference of Seceders itself against the contemplated suicidal action and Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya wrote a letter strongly protesting against abstention from the Congress. Sir Rash Behari Ghose, over whose presidential election the Surat Split occurred, is opposed to the secession. Mr. Sachidananda Sinha, the Behar Moderate Leader, whom Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjea tried his best to hook, has told him bluntly that abstention from the Congress would be a national crime. For so, indeed, it will be. It will be a crime for which there will be no atonement. Coming to Bombay, the Hon. Mr. Garud and the Hon. Mr. Upasani, two distinguished Moderates again, have condemned the desertion and have publicly intimated that they stand by the Congress. It would be a mistake we think, to confound the action taken by the Samarth-Surendra Nath clique as a party move of the Moderates. It is an individual move in no sense endorsed by the nation. It is not surprising that the Moderate party as such as refused to swallow the bait and that it has decided not to sever its connection from the Congress. When the situation is understood in its true perspective, we shall find that the Seceders have no right to acclaim that the Moderate party, as such, is behind them. They can speak only for themselves and not for their party, much less for the nation. The decision of the bulk of the Moderates not to lose their place in the national parliament is sensible and praiseworthy. Why should they leave the Congress? Because the Congress supports the Congress-League Scheme, because it wants certain changes to be made in the Montagu Reform proposals to fit them in with our national aspirations, because it does not want to desert its ally, the Moslem League? What has the Congress done to deserve this matricidal move? The safety of the Congress is surely as much a national concern as the safety of the Montagu Scheme.

What is the dividing line between Moderates and Nationalists? A contemporary, whose "interest" in politics is only incidental," has raised this idle question. We shall shortly show that whatever be the differences between these two parties, none need leave the Indian National Congress. The journal in question has pointed out, as many others have done, that many of the changes proposed by the Seceders and Congressmen are common. The natural conclusion would be that even the little justification the Seceders may have, that they left the Congress because they could not win it over to their views, is wanting and that they are guilty of a wanton national crime in deserting the Congress. They may say the same thing, but it all depends upon their point of view, continues the "Indian Social Reformer." It bases its sermon on a chance word or two in "The Hindu" and comes to the conclusion that the Seceders look upon the British Government as their National Government and that Congressmen are influenced by the bias of racial feeling. We are unable to realise the grievance of our learned contemporary. If it means that Seceders have accepted the British Government as their own and that Congressmen are struggling against it because it is alien, it is hopelessly wrong and it must realise that such unwarranted remarks are likely to be taken advantage of by the bureaucracy, a result for which, we trust, none would be more sorry than our contemporary itself. Indians have frankly and openly accepted British rule, Congressmen and Seceders included. If the racial factor is present, Indians are not responsible for it. Our contemporary should search other quarters for it. "The Social Reformer" seems to have misunderstood the whole situation and the present pulsating movement of "Self-determination." The real question in any country is not whether the rule is alien or native, but whether autocracy or democracy is the guiding principle of Government. The racial factor is immaterial, and our contemporary is mistaken if it thinks that if an Indian bureaucracy were substituted for the English bureaucracy India would be content. India is fighting against the bureaucratic system, primarily, not because it is foreign, but because it is bureaucratic. An Indian bureaucracy is no more pleasing to it than an English one. There is no dividing line in the sense contemplated by "The Social Reformer" between the Seceders and the Congressmen. The dividing line exists only in the imagination of our contemporary, which when faced with the poser of "The Hindu," that, if there was a common ground, the Seceders had no business to desert the Congress, attempts to wriggle out by bringing in the racial factor.

The Hon. Mr. Jinnah, speaking as President of the Ahmedabad conference, said there were no Moderates and Extremists, but all were Nationalists. Whatever differences there might have been in the past were composed by both the parties and the Extremists accepted the Congress creed and constitution. It is curious to observe that one of the conditions which the late Mr. Gokhale, whose opinions, by-the-bye, seem to carry no weight in the Servants of India Society, sought to impose on the then Extremists was that they should loyally accept the decisions of the majority and that they should not leave the Congress if they were unable to carry their own resolutions but should remain in the Congress and try to convert that body to their views. An admirable condition with which none can quarrel. But, unless we are to suppose that Seceders, like Germans, are willing to observe peace terms only so long as they are profitable to them, are they not bound by the conditions in the Gokhale draft? Every honest Congressman is bound by the decision of the Congress and those who run away from it because it is likely to vote against them are saviours neither of themselves nor of the Montagu Scheme. To all Congressmen, then, in India we appeal with all earnestness to stand by the Congress and protect it against external, and, we are very sorry to say it, against internal enemies also. The present crisis in the history of India requires above all a united front and we should preserve it, at all costs. The nation at large, Moderate or otherwise, has fully realised the importance of unity. It is the sacred duty of every one not to widen the breach but to throw himself into it. Moderate or Extremist, pro-Montagu or anti-Montagu, all should attend the Congress and try to find out the common factor and straighten our alliance with the Mohamedan Allies of the Congress. What are personal feelings and prejudices, when the national cause is threatened? We should firmly resist all attempts to sow dissension in our ranks and make the Special Session of the Congress completely successful.

THE DANGER TO INDIA.

The statement issued by the Press Bureau giving the reasons which have led the Imperial War Cabinet to make the latest innovation regarding Empire Government is a fresh galling reminder of the inferior position which India in reality occupies in the scheme of the British Empire, in spite of the pomp and show of having her "representatives" at the Imperial War Cabinet. The meetings of this Cabinet have naturally proved of such value that certain modifications in the existing channels of communication, so as to make consultation between various Governments of the Empire regarding Imperial policy as continuous and intimate as possible, have been found imperative. Thus, it has been decided that, for the future, the Prime Ministers of the Dominions as members of the Imperial War Cabinet shall have the right to communicate on matters of Cabinet importance direct with the Prime Minister of the United Kingdom, whenever they see fit.

This new privilege accorded to the Dominions does not, of course, make any difference in their political status, for all of them are as completely self-governing as any country could be. But it marks a great advance in their status within the Empire. More than that, it inaugurates a new epoch in the constitution of the United Kingdom itself, for it abrogates by one stroke of the pen the last vestiges of the nominal authority of the Secretary of State for the Colonies and affords the people of the Dominions the opportunity of influencing directly and effectually the policy of the Empire, as a matter of right, whenever they think fit and not merely when invited by the Imperial Cabinet to express their views. And what of India? India has no "Prime Minister," no chosen head of her people. But there is the Secretary of State and, in her case, far from his authority being relaxed by the acquisition of a new privilege by her own people, his position as a virtual autocrat will be even more firmly entrenched by direct access to the British Prime Minister than it is now. A crumb is, however, vouchsafed to India. Thus, while each Dominion shall have the *right* to nominate a visiting or resident minister in London to be a member of the Imperial War Cabinet at meetings other than those attended by the Prime Ministers, to be held at regular intervals, "arrangements" will be made for the representation of India at them, of course by nomination! Such a position of inferiority cannot certainly be acceptable to India or compatible with her self respect.

What is, taking all things into consideration, the determining factor which has led to the conferment of the new privilege on the people of the Dominions? It is obviously the fact that the burdens and responsibilities of the Empire during the war have been shared fully by the people in every other part of it as well as by those in Britain herself,—a fact that has made it inevitable and equitable that the privileges of membership of the Empire should also be shared in a like measure by all. It is obvious that so far as the people of the Dominions are concerned, their right to a share in controlling the policy of Empire Government has been frankly and practically recognised, and as this policy also involves the administration of India, they, as well as the people of the United Kingdom, will have a voice in that administration. India will have a voice of a sort. But the voice will be the voice of the Secretary of State and not, as in the case of the Dominions, of her own people expressed through their chosen representative. Apart, therefore, from the transparent unfairness of denying to the people of India the privilege of real membership of the Empire while receiving and expecting from them its sacrifices, this invidious treatment involves the positive danger of her interests being sacrificed to those of five, instead of one, nations. The moral is obvious. India can never be a "trusty partner" in the Empire until she is self-governing. In fact the danger we have to face at this juncture is not less than that which faced us when the Curtis-cum-Meston, Marris and Chirol plot was revealed.

Notes of the Day.

Destroy That Pandal!

The "Times of India" publishes a preposterous note about the mutilation of the war loan posters which were put on the walls of the Congress Pandal. The only sensible thing to say about it is that if any one did it in a spirit of wanton mischief, he should be traced and dealt with according to law. Our contemporary, however, could not contain within itself the spirit of animosity to the Congress that has been effervescing of late. It demands drastic treatment, even to the measure of dismantling the Congress Pandal. We would put it to our contemporary whether it will press for a similar course, if it is discovered that the posters on some other structure become mutilated. If such a thing happens in the case of the "Times" building, we really hope that, in its fanatical sense of consistency, it will not end its solemn career by demolishing itself. The "Times" wants the Congress volunteers to squat on the maidan and discover the mischief-maker, if one such there is. It is no more the duty of the volunteers to do this than it is the function of the Bombay Light Horse. If it is wrong in law to destroy a poster, it is the business of the police to protect property and find out the actual agents of mischief. It is unworthy to find a pretext for attacking the Congress in such an event.

Is Not Lord Pentland Right?

It is to a certain extent useless to regard the discussion of the Reform Report in our Legislative Councils as representative of public opinion. We saw what a mean show of opinion was given in the U. P. Council when the Lieut.-Governor sat and listened to the discussion of the non-officials. The Governor of Madras, who is devoid of the capacity for such tolerant amusement, would not even have in his Council a discussion of the Reform Scheme. The Hon. Mr. Patel recently pointed out in a letter we published, that the authors of the Reform Scheme expected that the question would be threshed out in the Councils. If it is felt anywhere that "such a meeting would not serve any useful purpose", we shall not lament the "dropping out" of the subject. We do not want a perfunctory debate in which ninety per cent. of non-officials testify to the honesty of the Viceroy and Mr. Montagu, and then appear either too exhausted or incompetent to give a reasoned criticism.

A Dangerous Temptation.

There is no temptation more seductive and none more dangerous than the temptation of indulging in sweeping generalisations regarding the character of a whole community. No class of public servants have to be more on their guard against succumbing to such a temptation than those who have to administer justice. It is, therefore, regrettable that this consideration was lost sight of by Justice Beaman in delivering judgment the other day in a suit for damages for breach of contract. In the course of his judgment his Lordship observed:

> Of all the many impudent liars, who had paraded before his Lordship in the High Court during the past ten years, his Lordship thought the palm should generally be given and without much question to Arab dealers. There were others who ran them very close, but on the whole his Lordship's experience of that little community in Bombay justified him in saying that, as far as they appeared in that court, at any rate, they were not only the most impudent but the most infantile and childish of liars.

It may be that these remarks have some justification, so far as their application to the witnesses who have appeared before Justice Beaman is concerned. But that was no justification for his Lordship to have made the insinuation, which these remarks undoubtedly suggest, against a class of persons, most of whom have certainly not appeared to give evidence in Court even during Justice Beaman's long experience.

Protection of Peasants

A notable activity of the Sind Special Conference held at Hyderabad last week was the formation of a society with the object of protecting peasants, villagers and other poor men against trouble and harassment at the hands of petty officials. Associated with the Society will be a touring party whose business it will be to visit the villages and collect facts regarding local grievances. The Society has been promised help by some leading and well-known pleaders in Sind and includes among its members besides Mr. Chagla, who is its President, the Hon. Mr. Harchandrai and the Hon. Mr. Bhurgri, who have undertaken to visit villages.

Official and Personal.

Her Highness Lady Ali Shah paid a visit to Sakinabai Moosabhoy Jafarbhoy Khoja Maternity Hospital and was shown round Bai Sakinabai.

Her Excellency the Lady Willingdon attended Committee meeting of the Lady Willingdon Scheme at the Secretariat on Tuesday morning.

His Excellency the Governor presided at the annual University Convocation at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Tuesday afternoon, her Excellency was also present.

A bust of Mr. S. M. Edwardes, late Commissioner of Police, Bombay, will be unveiled by his Excellency the Governor at the Head Police Office, Bombay, to-morrow at 5 p.m.

INDIAN REFORMS.

NOT IMPELLED BY WAR.

PROMPTED B. IDEALS OF JUSTICE AND LIBERTY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 18.
Recd. 11-5 p.m., Aug. 20.

Mr. Montagu, interviewd, emphasised that the Indian reforms were based on British ideals of "justice" and "liberty" not on German methods of repression.

In this connection, he contrasted Belgium and Mesopotamia. Belgium under the German domination was suffering cruelty, outrage, humiliaton and arbitrary militarism but in Mesopotamia the British had already undertaken irrigation works, protected monuments and established a beneficent form of government, which took careful count of the hopes and prejudices of the people and provided every opportunity for progress of indigenous lines. The result was that the Arab population welcomed the British soldier and the British administrator as an agency of deliverance from Turkish oppression. That was the spirit animating British rule in India.

Mr. Montagu denied that the present reforms were impelled by the war. On the contrary the British administrators had always recognised the progressive character of the British rule in India. As long as hundred and twenty years ago Sir Thomas Munro announced that he looked forward to the time when the population of India would be sufficiently enlightened to frame and conduct the government for themselves.

AMERICAN MAN-POWER.

QUARTER MILLION FOR FRANCE EVERY MONTH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 20.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Aug. 20.

WASHINGTON.—General March has informed the representatives of the Military Committee that eighty American divisions of 45,000 men, each, should be able successfully to conclude the war. General March said that the American army on August 1st exceeded three million. It has been planned to send a quarter of a million men to France every month and he hoped to increase this number in the Spring.

COTTON GINS IN U. S. A.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 18.
Recd. 11-5 p.m., Aug. 20.

WASHINGTON.—The War Industries Board has declined to grant priority to the manufacturers of cotton gins for iron steel and fuel. The Board has agreed substantially to curtail the normal production of new gins next year. It is believed that the existing plants and equipment with repairs can be made to last until after the war.

MR. GANDHI'S HEALTH.

NO CAUSE FOR ANXIETY.

(From our Corrspondent.)
NADIAD, Aug. 20.

Mr. M. K. Gandhi has made progress. He has been able to attend to all recruiting and other important correspondence.

The cause of his illness was a serious attack of desentery which commenced on Saturday the 11th instant. It was brought about by a variety of definite ascertainable causes. The attack was aggravated on Sunday. Most violent pains commenced and continued for two days. The fury of the attack subsided on Wednesday, since when steady improvement has taken place. A very marked improvement was observed yesterday. Pains have largely subsided. Doctor Kanuga assisted by Doctors Talvarkar and Hariprasad, has been attending the patient who has largely depended upon nature cure. He has refused to take any medicine. Nourishment has been derived from fruit juice. There is no cause for anxiety.

THE HON. MR. PATEL AND MR. SAMARTH.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—If Mr. Samarth thinks that a personal attack on myself will help his section of Moderates I shall be the last person to deny him that satisfaction. I have not the slightest desire to emulate the refined taste and picturesqueness of his language and sentiments, but there is one statement of fact that calls for contradiction. Mr. Samarth says that I had expressed a desire to Sir Narayan Chandavarkar to be allowed to sign the "Representation of the Ten" and that I signed it without reading it. This is false. I decline, however, to make public the conversation that passed between Sir Narayan and myself in regard to this matter as I consider such a course dishonourable and a breach of confidence, and I refrain from disclosing other facts in that connection for the same reason. I must also decline to pay Mr. Samarth the compliment of entering into a controversy with him, or to take any notice of the other statements in his letter.—Yours, etc.,

V. J. PATEL.

Aug. 20th 1918.

STRUGGLE FOR ROYE CONTINUES.

GERMAN RETIREMENT FROM SCARPE VALLEY.

FRENCH CAPTURE FRESNIERES.

The struggle for Roye continues. The Railway station at Roye has been captured. There was violent artillery action north and south of the Avre. The French on Monday improved their positions between Carlspont and Fontenoy, while they occupied the plateau west of Nampcel and reached the southern run of Audigicourt ravine, taking 700 prisoners.

Gen. Mangin now holds the high ground commanding the Oise valley from the south and threatens the enemy positions towards the Aisne.

The French captured Fresniers notwithstanding desperate resistance and reached the western outskirts of Lassigny.

From the north of Hebuterne to the south of Albert the Germans are moving back and it is visible that they are retiring from the Scarpe valley.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, 4-45 p.m. Aug. 19.
Recd. 12 noon Aug. 20.

A French communiqué says there was violent artillery action during the night north and south of the Avre. We took 400 prisoners yesterday west of Roye.

At 6 o'clock yesterday evening between the Oise and the Aisne our troops rectified our front on a strength of about 15 kilometres between Carlspont and Fontenoy reaching on the whole line an average advance of two kilometres. We occupied the plateau west of Nampcel and reached the southern run of the Audigicourt ravine, capturing Nouvion-Vingre and taking 1,700 prisoners including two battalion commanders.

Reuter learns that it was General Mangin's Tenth Army which participated in the attack mentioned above. The scene of the attack is the sector between the Lassigny ridge and Soissons. Its importance lies in threatened enflaukment of the German lines on the Aisne beyond Soissons.

LATER.

The railway station at Roye has been captured.

SUCCESSFUL BRITISH OPERATIONS.

PENETRATION INTO ENEMY POSITIONS S. OF SCARPE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, 12-40 p.m. Aug. 19.
Recd. 7-30 a.m. Aug. 20.

A British communiqué says we took a few prisoners in the Ayette sector, also southward of Scarpe, where our patrols penetrated some distance into enemy positions. We repulsed raiders northward of Scarpe and made further progress in the Merville sector, taking between 40 and 50 prisoners.

Our artillery and machinegun fire completely broke up a counter-attack on the new positions between Outtersteen and Meteren.

GEN. MANGIN ATTAINS ALL OBJECTIVES.

ENEMY POSITIONS THREATENED TOWARDS AISNE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, 9-45 p.m. Aug. 19.
Recd. 12 noon Aug. 20.

Reuter learns that General Mangin's attack has been brought to a satisfactory conclusion and practically all objectives attained. General Mangin now holds all the high ground commanding the Oise valley from the south and threatens the enemy positions towards the Aisne. Any further French advance between the Aisne and the Oise would have disastrous possibilities for the enemy who, realising their danger are counter-attacking locally.

Between the Lassigny Massif and the Oise fighting continues. French progress continues and Lehamel, a mile and half north of Ribecourt has been captured constituting an advance of a mile and three quarters.

GERMANS RETIRING FROM SCARPE VALLEY.

662 PRISONERS ON OULTERSTEENE RIDGE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 12-45 p.m., Aug. 21.

Reuter's correspondent at the British Headquarters, wiring this evening, says from the north of Hebuterne to the south of Albert, the Germans continue slowly and methodically to move back and now there are signs of retirement in the Scarpe valley, where our patrols have established contact with the enemy on both the banks of the river and have made progress on the south side.

Prisoners state that the object of the withdrawal is to take up improved positions before the winter and conserve man power by shortening the line and occupying more favourable ground, nevertheless the withdrawal means renunciation of the offensive and admission of loss of initiative.

LUDENDORFF BEMOANS' SHORTAGE OF HORSES.

In a document captured von Ludendorff Bemoans the shortage of hoses and says "We must take care of our horses as they cannot be replaced. Men must thoroughly understand that this is necessary in order to continue war until victory is reached." The shortage is so serious that officers' mounts have been ruthlessly requisitioned.

The attack on the Oulterstеene ridge was more successful than was first believed, 669 prisoners being taken, including twenty officers. Many of them are Poles; the remainder are typical Saxons. We have established the entire domination of the ridge with wide observation over the adjoining territory. The enemy is no longer able to watch us except from balloons.

ALLIES' MASTERY AERIAL WARFARE.

AUSTRIAN ADMISSIONS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 12-45 p.m., Aug. 21.

Reuter's correspondent at the Italian Headquarters wiring to-day says two captured Austrian documents show the extraordinary mastery which the Allies have obtained over the enemy in aerial warfare.

The first adjoins the better protection of dumps and emplacements against aerial observation by better camouflaging and less military orderliness. The second is from a colonel commanding the artillery, who seeks to explain the impossibility of the systematic and effective destruction of the allied artillery and indicates that the allied guns as well as observation are superior. The writer complains that the inferiority of his batteries in number and power and the restriction of ammunition supply render it impossible to comply with the infantry's request for better artillery protection.

ENEMY COUNTER-ATTACKS FAIL.

BRITISH PROGRESS CONTINUES IN MERVILLE SECTOR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, 11-45 p.m. Aug. 19
Recd. 4-15 p.m Aug. 20.

In to-night's communiqué Field-Marshal Haig says:—

The enemy this morning strongly counter-attacked our positions on a mile front between Lihons and Herleville, and succeeded in penetrating the line at two points. Our counter-attack drove him out and the situation was completely restored. We inflicted many casualties and took a few prisoners.

Our advance in the Merville sector continued and we made considerable progress on a front of 10,000 yards. We entered Merville and reached the road through Merville from Paradis to Les-Puresbecques. In sharp fighting, we took prisoners and machineguns.

Our total prisoners in the neighbourhood of Outtersteene are now 676, including 18 officers.

We brought down six aeroplanes. One British is missing. We dropped 16 tons of bombs during the day and night

ENEMY AERODROMES AND LANDING GROUNDS ATTACKED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, 11-45 p.m. Aug. 19.
Recd. 4-15 p.m. Aug. 20.

The Air Ministry states that on the night of the 18th-19th, we attacked aerodromes and landing grounds, and machine-gunned various targets. One machine did not return.

FRENCH CAPTURE FRESNIERES.

2,200 PRISONERS IN TWO DAYS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 20, 2-15 a.m.
Recd. 7-55 p.m., Aug. 20.

A French communiqué says: Between the Matz and the Oise we continued to progress, captured Fresnieres notwithstanding desperate resistance, and reached the western outskirts of Lassigny. Farther south, we succeeded in debouching from the Thiescourt woods. On our right we captured Pimprez and pushed as far as the southern outskirts of Dreslincourt. North of the Aisne, completing our success between Carlepont and Fontenoy, we captured the village of Moreain.

The number of prisoners, we have taken in this region, since yesterday, reaches 2,200.

Three German aeroplanes were brought down yesterday.

NEW LINE SECURED.

ENEMY SERIOUSLY ANXIOUS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 20.
Recd. 7-55 p.m., Aug. 20.

Reuter's correspondent at French Headquarters wiring yesterday, says: Simultaneously with General Mangin's attack, east of the Oise, General Humbert attacked from Le Hamel, right of the Oise, north of Ribecourt to Bois-des-Loges, midway between Roye and Lassigny. Thus the enemy, who has hitherto been fronting west to General Humbert's, General Debeney's and General Rawlinson's armies is now menaced on the southern flank. General Mangin's two attacks on August 17th and 18th brought his troops at one point to barely two miles from General Humbert's and conjoined attacks by the two armies secured a line which, advancing on both banks of the river and on our left, is causing the enemy serious anxiety for his positions between Bois-des Loges and Lassigny.

The German resistance is desperately hard. We have reached a stage corresponding to that of the Germans at the end of March and beginning of June, when our reserves began to arrive and restored the advantage of initiative by successful flank attacks. The enemy is now using his reserves and however he may grudge the necessity of having to waste them in a defensive battle which in the end can only be a prelude to a retreat, he still possesses some thirty fresh reserve divisions in addition to 400,000 youngsters of 1920 class.

GENERAL MANGIN'S ATTACK.

USEFUL GROUND GAINED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 20.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Aug. 20.

Reuter's correspondent at French Headquarters, wiring yesterday, says: General Mangin's attack was made after a short artillery preparation. The enemy was again surprised. He was holding his line weakly without reserves within call. We gained the useful ground, overlooking a deep wooded ravine, running south-east from Nampcel to Nouvion-Vingre by which the Germans have been bringing up troops unobserved. The enemy must now withdraw all but his immediate fighting line behind the plateau on his side of the valley.

LORD NEWTON'S TERMS OF EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.

AUSTRIAN FOREIGN OFFICE'S REPORTED UNWILLINGNESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 16.
Recd. 7-30 a.m. Aug. 20.

ZURICH.—The Vienna "Reichspost" learns that the Foreign Office is unwilling to agree to Lord Newton's terms of exchange of prisoners. With reference to the British prisoners in Turkey, Austria-Hungary does not consider that she has cause or justification to approach Turkey.

DUTCH SHIPS IN EAST INDIES.

TO BE RELEASED FOR TRANSPORT TO U. S.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 12 noon Aug. 20.

WASHINGTON.—Forty Dutch ships lying in Dutch East Indies are expected to be released as the result of an informal *modus vivendi* to bring sugar, tin and quinine to the United States.

BIGGEST BRITISH HARVEST

MANY MILLIONS ADDITIONAL ACRES UNDER PLOUGH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 20.
Recd. 11-5 p.m., Aug. 20.

Sir Charles Fielding, new Director-General of Food Production, has issued a statement in which he says he believes that the harvest will be the biggest since 1868. The supply of labour is sufficient but there is a surplus of unskilled labour. There has been an enormous sale of tractors recently. "We are going," he says, "to have many millions more acres under the plough."

RICE RIOTS IN JAPAN.

MOST SERIOUS IN COUNTRY'S HISTORY.

EVERY IMPORTANT CITY AFFECTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 18.
Recd. 4-15 p.m. Aug. 20.

OSAKA 14.—The rice riots are developing into the most serious in the history of Japan. Troops have been called out in nearly every important city and in several places have been compelled to fire on the mob.

TOKIO.—The Police are strongly guarding the bridges and parks and also residences of ministers. It is considered that high prices of food are only a pretext for venting the popular antipathy to war profiteers.

POLICE STATION ATTACKED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

OSAKA, Aug. 13.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Aug. 20.

All rice shops are closed. An armed mob of two thousand attacked a police station demanding the release of raiders of the rice mill. Last night the police dispersed the mob with sabres and a hundred arrests were made. Troops have been sent from Kobe.

RICE FAMINE.

EMPEROR'S DONATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

TOKIO, Aug. 13.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Aug. 20.

The Emperor has donated three million yen for the relief of sufferers from abnormal price of rice. The Cabinet will disburse ten million yen for the same purpose.

PLANTERS' ASSOCIATION OF S. INDIA.

"AMONGST THE PEOPLE OF COUNTRY."

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Aug. 19.

The annual meeting of the United Planters' Association of Southern India was held to-day for the first time in the annals of the Asssociation of Madras at the new premises of the Bank of Madras, Mount Road. The Association completes its jubilee this year and H. E. the Governor attended the meeting on a special invitation of the planters.

The Secretary in the course of the annual report of the Association stated: "The most urgent and important business before this meeting is the reorganisation of U.P.A.S.I. and with the experience of 25 years behind you, I do not believe a better jumping ground could have been chosen to do so than your 25th birthday and that the result of Southern India will emerge more united and more strengthened, more influential and more progressive."

Mr. J. S. Nicholas in addressing the meeting expressed his appreciation of the honour conferred on the planters by his Excellency's presence and, "We shall always remember the interests you have taken in all matters concerning us by your many tours in the planting districts; you have seen for yourself and gained first-hand knowledge of what planters of Southern India have done for the good of this part of the Empire. To many of us it will be for ever our home, our children carrying on where we leave off. So we shall carry on that which we have begun in the development and prosperity of this country in which we have considerable stake and the happiness of its people. We should be considered as being amongst the people of the country and our interests inseparable." Turning to the war he said, "As I said in my address at the annual conference held last year we fully recognise that the Empire's full resources must be used to bring the war to an early termination."

His Excellency in addressing the meeting expressed his sense of the high honour the association had done him in inviting him to be the president at the meeting. His Excellency presonally looked forward to a day, not far distant, he hoped, when the Agricultural Department will be completely equipped for that work of research and experiment which will enable the planting community to improve the standards, to increase the outturns, to introduce new methods and new products, and to undertake, with more certain knowledge of confidence, the work of development for which there was still much scope. Another matter in which they were mutually concerned was the opening of the planting districts and the improvement of the means of transport and communication. Here too, war had upset their calculations, but they had not been idle. They had pushed on the investigation of a number of schemes of vital interest to the planting industry. "We are anxious," said his Excellency "to bring them to a satisfactory issue and when occasion offers, we shall not fail to press their importance upon these authorities with whom the final decision must rest. We attach great importance to those projects which are intended to give easier access to the West Coast ports and here I may be permitted specially to refer to Cochin problems which are by no means simple; but I see no reason why a settlement should not be arrived at satisfactory to you, to the Madras Government, and to the other interests concerned.

SOVIET'S APPEAL.

"RUSSIA'S INTERVENTION IN WAR NECESSARY."

GOVERNMENT TO REMOVE TO KRONSTADT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 7-30 a.m. Aug. 20.

AMSTERDAM.—The Bolshevist paper "Pravda" states that the Soviet's appeal says Russia's intervention in war is necessary. The government has therefore completed preparations to remove to Kronstadt, which is regarded as a safe place.

SOVIETS.

OCCUPY KIRILLOVKA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 18.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Aug. 20.

AMSTERDAM.—A message from Moscow, received *via* Berlin, states that the Soviet troops have surrounded and are bombarding Kasan. A number of British and French subjects have been arrested. The Soviet troops, advancing on the Onega, have occupied Kirillovka.

Of a thousand counter-revolutionary officers arrested in Moscow and Petrograd and sent to Kronstadt, 236 have already been summarily shot.

SIR CHARLES ELIOT.

APPOINTED HIGH COMMISSIONER AND PLENIPOTENTIARY AT VLADIOVOSTOK

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 19.
Recd. 7-30 a.m. Aug. 20.

PEKING.—Sir Charles Eliot has been appointed High Commissioner and Plenipotentiary for Siberia at Vladivostok.

MILITARY SITUATION.

OFFICIAL OUTLOOK.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 19.

A military onlooker in the course of his weekly article reviewing the general military situation says:—

Apropos of the situation in France everything points to a fresh Allied offensive on another part of the front—not a vast operation aiming at a break through but a strong attack on a comparatively small front made with the object of exhausting the enemy's strength and destroying his morale. In this offensive the British army should again play an important role this time perhaps with strong American co-operation. No large number of British troops probably only three or four army corps have been engaged in the recent fighting and our casualties have been relatively very small.

The enemy's losses since July 15th must amount to nearly 400,000 men including about 80,000 prisoners with over 1,200 guns. At least 110 German divisions have been identified during this period in the Champagne the Somme battles, and probably some 125 to 130 divisions have been engaged. The enemy cannot have more than 15 to 20 fresh divisions available on the whole front and Prince Rupprecht's reserve must be down to about 10 divisions.

THE MAIN OBJECT.

The German withdrawals north of Albert and in the Kemmel-Bethune salient indicate their fear of an attack in these sectors, both of them likely areas for a British offensive. At this stage the territorial gains are of minor importance except where valuable communications e.g., the Paris-Chateau Thierry-Chalons, and Paris-Amiens-Boulogne lines, and important tactical positions, are concerned. Our main object is to kill the Germans and to destroy the German army both in numbers and in morale by a series of hard blows struck in rapid sequence. It is essential to give the enemy no time to recover from his recent defeats and to prevent him from pulling out enough divisions from the line to form another large reserve of comparatively fresh troops. We may rely on Marshal Foch to carry out this object in the best possible way.

WANT OF CONFIDENCE IN CROWN PRINCES.

The creation under General von Boehn of a new German group of armies on the front of Soissons-Albert shows the want of confidence in the two Crown Princes and indicates the enemy's expectation of a British attack further north to which the new arrangement would enable Prince Rupprecht to give his undivided attention. It would seem to be the best plan for the Germans to effect a withdrawal on a large scale e.g., to the Hindenburg (or Siegfried) line with a view to shortening their line and economising men. This could not be done without long preparation both of the defensive line and of measures for the retirement. The occupation of the Hindenburg line would give the enemy by the late Autumn a strong line of defence with plenty of good billets in the rear whilst we, from Soissons to Arras, should be obliged to face winter in a country devoid of any intact villages or towns. Last year, Noyon was practically the only habitable place left in the area abandoned by the enemy and this is not likely to be spared again.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

ANNUAL CONVOCATION.

CHANCELLOR'S ADDRESS.

The annual University Convocation was held yesterday in the University Hall, H. E. the Chancellor presiding. Lady Willingdon was also present at the function.

After the procession of the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor and the Fellows had entered the hall and taken their seats, the Chancellor conferred the degrees and medals on the successful candidates. The Registrar, Mr. F. M. Dastur, then read the Syndicate's report of the proceedings of the University during the past year.

The Chancellor then said:—

Mr. Vice-Chancellor, Members of the Senate, Ladies and Gentlemen,—

Three years have passed since I first addressed you from the Chancellor's chair, a period sufficient even in days of peace to be fruitful in important events, which might well have given cause for anxiety or congratulation. Those three years have witnessed greater vicissitudes in human affairs, more pregnant developments of human thought, a greater crisis in the destinies of the world, than any other equal space of time of which history has kept the record. They have laid bare and subjected to the most searching tests the sources of the weakness and strength of States. We have seen with sorrow a great Empire, founded to all appearance on the secure basis of vast territories, boundless population, ancient traditions and illimitable natural resources, crumble, under the combined forces of external foes and of internal disunion and anarchy, to dissolution. On the other hand, we have seen the great democracy of the West take a worthy part in the greatest and, let us hope, the last of the crusades, which offers no other prize to the victor than the triumph of right over might, of good over evil. (Cheers.) The intervention of the United States in the war has called in the new world to redress the balance of the old in a most profound and significant sense. It has completed the array of the great democracies of the world against the common foe not only of democracy—for that is a political term which, as the recent history of Russia proves, may be interpreted to apply to the negation of the most elementary conditions of an organized state—but of any orderly and decent conception of the manner in which humanity, under any political form, is to perform, in secure or even tolerable circumstances, its primary duty of living in peace and safety.

The fact that all these great democratic States have been compelled by Germany to arm in defence, not merely of the common political ideals which they share and which are directly challenged by the forces of autocracy, and have suspended and let us hope, extinguished international rivalries and ambitions to a degree hitherto unprecedented in history among Allied powers, has induced many to believe that the issue of the conflict will signalize a complete subversion of all the standards by which hitherto human societies have been regulated. And this belief has been fortified by the tremendous internal changes—social, political and economic—which have been brought about by the imperative demands of organisation for war in all the belligerent States.

Anticipations of this kind are natural, but, in my opinion, it is impossible to prophesy with regard to them. Except by the Central Powers, it is my belief that this war has not been waged by people desirous of any fundamental change in the general order of things. On the contrary, it has been waged, not to innovate, but to restore and enforce established principles of the most vital nature. Of these principles some are primary because they are essential to the fundamentals of human life—they are justice, humanity and truth. Some are secondary, because they are the conditions of an orderly and progressive human life—they are liberty, the rights of nationalities, and public law.

The war will have failed if it does not restore these things to us. My hope is that we shall emerge from this conflict with unlowered standards, to confront the great task of reconstruction, inspired by all the ideals and traditions of which we have become the appointed champions, and finding our resources for that task, not in any new evangel, but in the principles for which we shall have fought and won.

A WARNING.

Let us not, therefore, flatter or alarm ourselves with the belief that peace will bring with it a new order of things, in which the values and perspectives of life will bear little or no relation to those in which we have been brought up, for, unless I am much deceived, unless many of the immense sacrifices of the war are to be in vain, the old spirit and tradition will be powerfully reinforced by the lessons which the stern discipline of these dark years has taught us of the necessity in all our undertakings, whether military, political or economic, of unity and co-operation. Old evils will arise to confront us, but we shall meet them with new minds, informed by the wisdom which comes with suffering. The war has but adjourned some of the great problems which were becoming of increasing urgency before they gave way to others still more urgent, and they will certainly present themselves again for solution.

Of these problems perhaps the most pressing of all is that of the relations between labour and capital. The war has not solved that problem but the vast majority of men, whether capitalists or labourers, will see it

(Continued on page 8.)

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

(Continued from page 7.)

in a new light. We shall be able to view it as a permanent condition of society, demanding a constant equitable adjustment and admitting of no rigid solution, but one in which the interests of all parties concerned are national, not class or partizan interests, to be determined on a national basis and not in accordance with the exclusive doctrine of any party for the time being predominant in the State. The wages and the economic condition of the working men on the one hand, the profits and security of capital on the other will, I trust, be regarded as not less matters of common concern than a strong Navy and Army or a free constitution.

Another of these great problems is the political reorganization of the British Empire. That, too, we shall envisage, if not in a different, at least in a clearer light. Difficulties which loomed formidably in times of peace have proved not insuperable under pressure of war and we may yet learn to thank our enemies for having unwittingly accelerated their solution by at least a generation. Above all, I think that we shall be brought to the recognition of the fact that in the principles of public law and public honour, for the defence of which our treaty obligations compelled us to arm and fight, we have unconsciously and instinctively been defending the essential elements of our own imperial polity.

These and other great problems, both social and political, will arise for solution when peace is again restored to the civilized world.

But even with the most complete vindication of the main principles which are the issues of the war, with the most steadfast adherence to the great traditions which have inspired and consolidated our resistance to Germany's transgression of public law and morality, the process of reconstruction will necessarily be one of great confusion of thought and effort. Many prophets will come forth proclaiming a new heaven and a new earth and doubtless, like their predecessors, they will lead multitudes into the wilderness. The immense breaches the war has made in the barriers of usage and custom, which have always been a powerful force of cohesion in human institutions, will deprive great numbers of men of the most immediate and often the most convincing authority for the opinions they entertain. In such a condition of affairs men are especially apt to pursue new and fantastic doctrines and to accept seriously what in more normal times a moderate sense of proportion would at once condemn as absurdities.

But if as I hope and believe, all that is best will survive the disturbance of this great upheaval, it will show us that the wisdom, the intuitions and ideas of man have a vigour and tenacity of life which nothing can destroy, and we may see without dismay our profoundest instincts, our universal and established conceptions of truth, justice and humanity trampled under foot by a temporary reaction of barbarism and yet remain confident that they will emerge triumphant and unimpaired. And if this proves to be the case, it lays upon us a solemn responsibility not only to maintain undiminished and bequeath to our successors this priceless heritage, but to apply it to good purpose and to add something of our own to the stock.

INDIVIDUAL RESPONSIBILITY.

On whom or on what does this responsibility more especially devolve? The answer to that, as to every great moral question, is that it lies on the individual man. There can be no delegation of this primary responsibility, but each man must answer for his own soul. The churches and all great religious orders and communions have their own large and special share of this duty to perform. But of all secular institutions, those which have the weightiest obligation in this respect to discharge are unquestionably the Universities. It is only by the measure in which it rises to this high calling that a University can justify itself. It cannot do so by equipping men, however competently, for a career or profession; still less by giving in its degrees a certain staple or standard of commercial value, though sound and liberal scholarship has always and justly been placed high among the ends which a University must propound to itself and exact from those who are admitted to its discipline.

The general test which we must apply is not the individual advantage, whether commercial, aesthetic, or even moral, but in how far University education equips men to promote the common good; in a word, in how far it makes good citizens.

The great tradition of a University must be to strive steadfastly from the beginning to know, to understand and to teach man's purpose and place in the Universe and his consequent duties to himself and others. And the ultimate function of a University is the preservation, and strengthening of this tradition, to instruct men in this tradition, to enable them to apply it to their needs and to fit them to enlarge and increase it.

For this reason the instruction of children, for example, in primary and secondary schools is a necessary concern of a University, both because these schools must provide a large part of its own future alumni and because it has or should have a great share in the training and instructing of those to whom the responsible task of teaching children should be entrusted. For the same reason, technical and scientific education is equally the concern of a University. It is necessary to the commonweal, and it is, therefore, a necessary part of the functions of a University.

Apart from the direct offices of imparting and propagating knowledge, Universities have great and increasing duties to perform in educational administration, duties which they must share, and which bring them into direct contact with the executive Government. As I happen, in my dual capacity as Chancellor of this University and Governor of this Presidency, to represent the precise point at which the contact is effected, this is an aspect of the question in which I can claim, if not a special authority, at any rate a special interest. And my experience has made it evident to me that educational problems are sometimes approached from different points of view by academic and by administrative authorities. It is important, in the public interest, that this should be the case, for of all social, moral and political issues—and education is included in all these categories—there is none in which it is more essential that the view of the doctrinaire, whether academic or administrative, should be corrected by reference to other points of view which are not inferior in relevance or cogency. It is equally important that these points of view should be accommodated, and I would therefore ask you to reflect that, when any issue of this kind arises between the University and Government, it should not be regarded as matter for controversy, nor, indeed, for mere compromise; but for a clear determination of the issues, by mutual understanding, and for cooperation in carrying out whatever course may be reached by common agreement.

UNIVERSITIES AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION.

In respect of these functions of administration, a University is not only brought into close relations with the political constitution of the State but becomes an integral part of it. The political influence exercised by Universities has at all times been great, out of all proportion to the place defined for them by constitutional law, and rightly so, for it is doubtless more properly the province of learning to counsel rather than to execute, to advise rather than to direct the political business of the State.

In this attribution of the place of the University in the political organism, I have contemplated only its normal functions under normal conditions. But if there is any truth in the conclusions which I have drawn, it will be clear that these functions will have scope of a potentiality vastly greater in the period of general reconstruction which must ensue when a peace has been declared. To guide our feet upon the dark and uncertain paths of the future, we shall stand in imperative need of two particular attributes of the mind, stability and enlightenment, and readily stretch out our hands to all those who can cooperate to those ends. The great traditions of the past, which admonish us to stand upon the ancient ways, must be the fixed stars at once to determine and to illuminate for us the road, until the strange world which will emerge from this cataclysm, destitute of many familiar landmarks, is revealed in the more certain radiance of a new day.

During the last four years we have been living in a strange unreal world, a world in which the turmoil and tumult of never ending battle have distracted our thoughts from the contemplation of abstract theories of life and the evolution of our society along orderly lines of progress. Poets, philosophers, artists, thinkers of all classes and creeds have stepped from their peaceful studies and been swallowed up in the dread arena of this awful conflict.

In such a world we are apt to think only in numbers and facts and to estimate success by the gain and loss of territory or by the slaughter of so many of our enemies and we are in danger of falling into the grievous error of considering that victory, in the military sense of the word, is the main and only goal towards which we and our Allies are struggling with such a vast expenditure of men, money and resources.

But we must never forget that the fundamental questions at issue between the warring nations are in reality the opposing theories of the art, and science of Government and the relation between States, and the varying conceptions of the road along which civilization is to advance, and of the methods and principles on which that advance is to be based.

When once that glorious victory has been won for which we and our Allies are struggling with all the power and all the resources at our command, we shall have to examine from every point of view the methods and institutions whereby we may build up, consolidate and extend that theory of civilization and of Government which we hold to be the best for the future of the human race.

NO SLAVISH COPYING.

We have learnt many lessons from our enemies during the course of this grim struggle and not the least of them is that it is possibly by the establishent of a defined and ordered method of education to mould the character and thoughts of an entire nation into the form approved by its leaders. While rejecting with scorn the theories of life and Government which Germany for the last 40 years has been instilling into the minds of her people, let us see whether we cannot adopt some of that thoroughness and forethought of which she is justly proud with a view to the strengthening of our ideals, the more efficient training of our citizens, and the firmer consolidation of all the scattered nations which make up the British Empire.

I do not mean to imply that we should slavishly copy German methods and adopt a system of education controlled to the minutest detail by an autocratic Government. That has not been our way in the past and there is no need for us to adopt it in the future. But it is vitally necessary for us to make a thorough survey of our educational policy and of the institutions and methods through which that policy is carried out, and then to see that those institutions and methods are properly co-ordinated with a view to securing the great end in view.

And more especially is this the case in India and for several reasons. We cannot but see that we are entering on a new stage in the history of the world, and that we in India in particular are about to enter on a period of her development fraught with the utmost dangers, full of most difficult and most intricate problems, but at the same time abounding with wonderful prospects and possibilities for her advancement.

MONTAGU-CHELMSFORD REPORT.

What then are the chief problems which lie before us? The Montagu-Chelmsford Reforms Report has opened up an entirely new field of progress for India and her peoples. We have hardly yet had time to grasp the full meaning of the numerous suggestions which the framers of this remarkable review have presented for our consideration. But the dominant idea and aim of the whole scheme may be said to be the gradual development of India and Indians in every branch of life, in every form of service, and in every pursuit and profession.

On examining from an educational point of view the problems which have been intensified by the changes contemplated in that Report, we find that there are three main classes of the population on whom we shall have to concentrate our attention and for whom we shall have to provide a more thorough and complete training if India is to make full use of the great opportunities which the initiation of the reforms contemplated will open up to her. We must educate the electorate, until it is in a position to realise and to control the conflicting theories and actions of its representatives, we must train a body of men to take up and develop to the utmost the vast industrial and commercial possibilities of this great country, and last but by no means least, we must do our best to fit our young men for the grave and onerous responsibilities which they will be called on in increasing measure to undertake in the performance of the multifarious functions of the higher administration.

These are great tasks and we must approach them in no light spirit of factious criticism but with a single and earnest desire to work together for the successful solution of these grave problems.

I hope to see the members of this great University take a leading part, not only in the discussion of these important matters or in the training of the young men who are her pupils, but by giving to the utmost of their ability their assistance and advice in the orderly development of the schools and colleges and other educational and training institutions which will have to be established in the not distant future.

And now I would, before concluding, like to say a few words to the young men who are present here to-day and especially to those who have successfully passed through their University career. Speaking as I am to-day, it may be for the last time, in my position as its Chancellor, I wish to place before all graduates and undergraduates of this University with all the earnestness that I can command the duty and responsibility that lies on each one of them while forming his character and gaining knowledge under her guidance and care, the vital necessity of cultivating the qualities of stability and enlightenment which will give them the courage, determination, and clear vision to fit them for citizenship in the future years.

At no time in the history of India has the need for these qualities in the individual been more urgent than at the present when she is standing on the threshold of the most tremendous possibilities for her social and political progress and advance. The decision of this country on these great questions for the present must rest with those who guide and mould public opinion, and my profound hope is that with singleness of mind and unselfishness of purpose they may arrive at conclusions which may prove to be of lasting and far-reaching benefit for the administration of their country and the welfare of its people.

But in the not distant future it will be the turn of some of the young men here to-day and of their successors to take their share in the deliberations of Council, in the administration of the country, and in the manifold spheres of political and executive action which are being opened up to them in increasing measure. It is impossible to exaggerate the responsibility which lies upon those who are privileged to undertake the training of these young men.

It is my earnest hope and my profound belief that the University, with the warm and cordial co-operation of all those who realise the great importance of the considerations which I have laid before you, will in the period of full and free development which lies before it take an even larger and more important part than has been the case hitherto in the moulding of public opinion, in the fashioning of our educational and technical institutions, and in the more efficient training of the young men upon whom the fuutre of India so largely depends. (Applause).

The Chancellor then dissolved the Convocation.

A GRUESOME FIND.

STRANGE CONTENTS OF ADRESS CASE.

On last Monday night the police found the remains of a large leather dressing bag floating in the sea. It contained the forehead portion of a small human skull and some small bones, and also the skull of an adult, without the top. Both the skulls appeared to have been cleanly cut through.

END OF MADURA MILL STRIKE.

MAGISTRATE'S ORDER ON LOCAL "AGITATOR."

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Aug. 19.

The Madura Cotton Mill strike in which nearly five thousand coolies were involved, suddenly collapsed. The strike continued nearly nine days, after which the strikers presented themselves before the mill authorities with the admission that they had no grievance, that their conditions of labour were all that they desired, and that they had been misled by designing men. This was preceded by an order of the District Magistrate on Ramanathan, the leading agitator, to refrain from public speaking in dura for one month.

THE TALATIS' STRIKE.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Will you find place for the following few lines in your paper.

The pay of Talatis at present is from Rs. 12 to Rs. 20 per month. The Talatis in the Thana district have petitioned to Government for increasing their pay and have ceased to work from the 11th July last. Appointments are now being made in the place of Talatis who have joined the strike. The Talatis' table deals chiefly with the Land Revenue and the Record of Rights to Lands, Land Revenue is an important item to Government, and the Record of Rights to Lands is highly useful to the people. Men who have not passed any public service examination are being appointed to do this important work in the Kalvan taluka. This is nothing but *Bureaucratic Rule* in India. In order to avoid mismanagement in such an important daftar, the simplest way is to grant the demands of the Talatis and end the strike. But till that is done Government should at least appoint proper men to do the work. Will Government pay attention to this matter?

B. R. OKA, B.A. LL.B.

Badlapur, 8th August, 1918.

SO-CALLED MODERATE CONFERENCE.

CONDEMNED BY PUNJAB CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Aug. 19.

The following resolution was adopted at a meeting of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee held on Sunday the 18th instant. The Punjab Provincial Congress Committee strongly condemns the attempts made in certain quarters to keep aloof from the special Congress session and to hold a separate so-called Moderate Conference. Such a step is constitutional and would not be justified in any circumtances; but considering that there is no real difference of opinion with respect to the reform scheme among the Indian public men, it is particularly deplorable and prejudicial to the best interests of the country. The Committee therefore, appeals to every patriotic Indian to join the special session of the Congress and to make it an unqualified success.

SUGGESTION TO POSTPONE CONGRESS.

RECEPTION COMMITTEE'S STATEMENT

The following bulletin has been issued by the Secretary of the Reception Committee Indian National Congress:—

As it has been alleged in certain quarters that the Reception Committee refused to entertain the suggestion for the postponement of the Congress it is necessary to make the position of the Committee clear.

The Reception Committee was never approached, either by the Moderate in Bombay or elsewhere, for a postponement of the Congress. The Committee, however, understands that a short postponement was asked for in a telegram by Mr. Surendra Nath Banerji addresses on the 7th August to Mr. C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, the General Secretary, All-India Congress Committee, to which he replied on the 9th pointing out the difficulties in the way of postponement and trusting that three weeks were a sufficiently long time for a compromise, if any, to arrive at. No further communication was received after that either by the General Secretary or the Reception Committee. The Reception Committee desires to point out that the Imperial Legislative Council has its sittings from the 4th September and the *Bakri-Id* being on the 16th September, and all the preparations for holding the Congress being in an advanced stage, it is not possible at this late stage particularly looking to the season, to postpone the Session.

ELECTION OF DELEGATES.

A public meeting under the auspices of the Bombay National Union will be held at Hirabag, near C. P. Tank, to-day, at 5 p.m. (S. T.), to elect delegates to the coming special session of the Indian National Congress. Dr. Velkar, Dr. Savarkar and Messrs. Gosavi, Movaji Govindji and Lalit will be among the speakers.

"THE QUERIES"

The Active Service Hut was again filled to over-flowing on Saturday night to hear Mrs. Powell's Concert party, "The Queries."

Every fortnight this delightful party have caused the "Hut" to be crowded and the pleasure given, has increased with each performance. They have just completed a series of concerts to men of the Services at Deolali.

On Saturday the hour was late when the curtain finally fell, owing to the number of encores insisted upon. For the time the men forgot the war the barracks and the ships and followed each item with eager attention. Mrs. P. Brown delighted the audience with her pianoforte, Solos and accompaniments. Mrs. Powell, Mrs. Wiggins and Mrs. D. B. Binning received vociferous applause for their songs, duets, dances and impersonations; while little Miss Joan Binning in full evening dress as "Gilbert the Filbert" and later as "The Sweep Boy" simply brought down the house. Mrs. H. Chilton was in excellent form. The performance was greatly appreciated by the 300 service men and friends present and they anticipate with much pleasure the next concert by the party on August 31st.

CHILDREN'S BRANCH ENTERTAINMENT.

This entertainment will be repeated at the Excelsior Theatre on Monday, August 26th, at 6 p.m., for children who are members of the Branch only. The prices of admission will be Re. 1, Ans. 8 and Ans. 4. Tickets may be obtained by Principals of Schools or Heads of Circles only, from Mrs. Sisson, Hon. Secretary, Good Mansion, Mayo Road, Bombay. Applications for tickets must state the number and class of tickets required, and must enclose money in payment, on receipt of which tickets will be forwarded if accommodation is available. One adult will be admitted free with each group of children. Immediate application is recommended, as the seats are being rapidly taken up.

PROVINCIAL AUTHORITY AND LINGUISTIC PROVINCES.

MR. NAGESWARA RAO ON ITS CLOSEST RELATIONSHIP.

(Associated Press.)

GUNTUR, Aug. 17.

The special session of the Andra Provincial Conference was held this afternoon when Mr. Nageswara Rao Editor, "Andra Patrika" presided. He said it was the duty of the Andras to proclaim to the world the closest relation between provincial authority and the formation of linguistic provinces before the bill is introduced in Parliament.

PUBLIC MEETING AT JALGAON.

MODERATES URGED TO JOIN CONGRESS

(From a Correspondent.)

JALGAON, Aug. 19.

A public meeting of the citizens of the East Khandesh District was held at the Luxmivilas Theatre on the 18th instant under the presidentship of Mr. A. R. Mhalas, at which representatives from the principal places in the district were present. People of all shades of opinion frankly expressed their views regarding the Montagu-Chelmsford Reform proposals. After an animated discussion the following resolutions were passed:—

"This meeting while thanking the authors of the scheme for some proposals of a progressive nature is of opinion that it does not satisfy the legitimate aspirations of India. This meeting is further of opinion that the scheme as it stands will not be acceptable unless it is so modified as to be in conformity with the provisions of the Congress-League scheme."

"This meeting urges upon the Moderate the necessity of joining the special sessions of the Indian National Congress at Bombay."

"This meeting is of opinion that the deputations of both the Home Rule Leagues may be allowed to proceed to England and that Government may be pleased to allow people of all shades of opinion to express their views in England."

"This meeting strongly protests against the prohibitory order passed under the Defence of India Act against Lok. Tilak."

After these resolutions were passed nearly 50 delegates were elected for the special sessions of the Congress.

"INDIANISATION" OF THE SERVICES!

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—At a meeting held on the 29th July at Barwan, Babu Surendranath Banerjea is reported to have made a stirring speech in favour of the reform proposals. "The Bengalee" of 27th July gives a full report of the said oratorical pronouncement, and it is amusing to see how (to quote Mr. N. M. Samarth) the sharp practice of *"Suppressio Veri"* and *"Suggestio falsi"* is resorted to by some of our great men with a view to recruit the so-called moderates. Babu Surendranath said a good deal about the proposed Councils, Provincial Executives, Transfered subjects, etc., and in every case he expressed complete satisfaction. He said solemnly "We are within a measurable distance of the promised land" and to reach it, he advised us to understand and accept the scheme with prudence, wisdom, courage and patriotism.

As a specimen of the veteran politician's interpretation of the scheme, I will quote what he expressed with regard to the Indianisation of the services. He said:—

"Now mark the great advance that is made there. At the present moment, we are about 10 p.c. of the entire Civil Service (A voice '8 per cent.'). I stand corrected. I think it is 8 p.c. Now I ask you to mark the great advance that is made here. The report says that 33 p.c. of the appointments in higher civil service should be given to Indians (Applause) immediately. From 8 p.c. to 33 p.c. is, you must all admit, a great leap in advance but this is not all. Every year there will be an increase of one and a half p.c. so that, in ten years, this advance of 33 p.c. will mount upto no less than 48 p.c. (Applause.) Is this not a definite great advance? Nor is this all. The colour-bar is removed from public service. But even this is not all. The recruitments for public services which have hitherto been held in England will now be held in India also, (Hear, hear and applause) our young men need not now go to England to compete for these appointments. That has been the dream of Dadabhoy Nowroji, of Kristo Das Pal, of Rajendra Lal Mitter. It has been the dream of our great patriots who have dreamed great dreams for the good of their country. They have left to us the golden fruits of their labours."

According to this great and patriotic dreamer we are to have a leap from the present 8 p.c. to 33 p.c. in the civil service, *immediately*. There are now in India 1,411 Civil servants of whom 8 p.c. are Indian. Taking Babu Surendranath's commentary, we will have 470 Indians at once. We know not by what process the extra 25 p.c. of English civil servants will be Indianised. Will these resign and make room for Indians immediately?

I have carefully read and re-read what the authors of the scheme say on this question in their report (*vide* paras 316 and 317 at page 201). As I understand, they propose that "33 per cent. of the superior posts should be recruited for in India and that this percentage should be increased by 1½ p.c. annually until the periodic commission is appointed." It is plain from this that the proportion of 33 per cent. refers to recruitment in India. Every year about 60 vacancies on an average occur in the Civil service. Let us take the figures until we come to the periodic commission, to be held at the end of 12 years, proportionately counting vacancies in the English and Indian Civil servants at 60 on the whole and beginning the recruitment at 33 per cent. and ending it at 48 per cent. (Recruitment of course is confined to the vacancies created whic' I take at 60):—

		English.	Indian.	Proportion p.c.
Present	No.	1,300	111	8.5
1st	year	1,285	126	9.8
2nd	,,	1,270	141	11.1
3rd	,,	1,255	156	12.4
4th	,,	1,239	172	13.9
5th	,,	1,223	188	15.1
6th	,,	1,207	204	16.9
7th	,,	1,191	220	18.5
8th	,,	1,176	235	19.9
9th	,,	1,159	252	21.7
10th	,,	1,142	269	23.5
11th	,,	1,125	286	25.4

Thus when the periodic committee meets the proposition of Indian to English Civil Servants will be 25.4 per cent. while out of 1,411 Civil servants 286 will be Indians giving a percentage of only 20.2 in place of the present 8 per cent. This is the view which common citizens like myself take of the proposed Indianisation of Services. If Babu Surendranath's oration is only a recruiting speech to gather recruits under the flag of "moderation" we have nothing to say. About the removal of colour bar and other matters careful readers of the report will be able to judge for themselves.—Yours, etc.,

V. M. D.

NEW INCOME-TAX FORMS.

BOMBAY NATIVE PIECE-GOODS MERCHANTS PROTEST.

A special general meeting of the members of The Bombay English, Coloured and Printed Piece-Goods Merchants Association was held on Tuesday in the Mulji Jetha Market Hall under the presidentship of Sheth Chatrabhuj Shivji, when consideration was given to the new Income-Tax forms sent to the members of the Association and the following resolutions were passed at the meeting:—

"This meeting emphatically protests against the new Income-Tax forms and recommends all the members that in reply to the above notices the Income Tax Collector be informed that our Association under the auspices of the Bombay Native Piece-Goods Merchants' Association is taking steps to approach the higher authorities and until the result of the action they cannot fill up the forms and any further correspondence in the matter, if necessary, be made with our Association."

"That this meeting confirms the resolution passed at the meeting of the representatives of the various commercial Associations, in response to the invitation of the Bombay Native Piece-Goods Merchants' Association."

"That if any pressure of penal clause be brought upon any members of the Association by the Collector of the Income-Tax after this reply that should at once be reported to the secretaries of the Association, who should at once communicate this to the Secretaries of the Bombay Native Piece-Goods Merchants' Association and circulate this among the members within two hours to suspend business for further consideration."

ANOTHER PROTTES.

A special general meeting of the members of the White Bleached and Plain Piece-Goods Merchants' Association was held on the 18th instant in the Moolji Jetha Market Hall when consideration was given to the new Income-Tax forms sent to the members of the said Association and similar resolutions of protest were passed.

NEW ENGLISH SCHOOL AHMEDABAD

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I shall thank you for publishing the following in your widely circulated paper.

The J. L. New English School as is well-known is of long standing. It had its own days of prosperity. One really becomes very sorry when one finds the working of the school at present. Instead of passing any comment on its work, I quote the following extract from the inspection report of that school, by the Educational Inspector, N. D.: "I am not on the whole pleased with the work of the staff. The absence of intellectual interest in their daily work is much to be regretted. Very little is done in the matter of physical training. There is no drill teacher. The school has not got a playground of its own. No organised games are played and most of the teachers do not appear to take interest in them. There is no regular arrangement for the medical supervision of the students. The general condition of the school continues too below the mark,—in fact I consider it has grown slightly worse. The school committee have not made any serious efforts to improve the condition of the school. I expressed a desire to see the members of the committee on the day of inspection in order to discuss with them these matters, but it is to be regretted that not a single member took the trouble to come to the school."—Yours etc.,

A PAST STUDENT.

Ahmedabad, Aug. 9.

"THE Y.M.C.A. KIRKEE NO. 5 DEPOT."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Will you again allow me use of your valuable paper "The Bombay Chronicle", which is the paper chiefly read by the men in this camp, to once again call special attention to the Y.M.C.A. scandal. Now a week has just past and no action has been taken. "Why is it that the Comdg. Officer fails to publish his excuse for this very mean act which sorry to say is affecting so many leave men?" Does he know that the Y.M.C.A. are not supposed to pay Rebate. They are an institute for the benefit of the men and not for the so-called P. R. I. How would the C. O. feel if the G. O. C. walked into the Mess and stopped the sale of whiskey and soda and gave no explanation? The subject would never cease; officers would resign. Then how much more is it fair to stop the sale of refreshments to men who are only here for a short while. However "John Bull" is getting the wiff and we pray it will not be long before he, like "The Bombay Chronicle" is fighting a great offensive. Has our Patron seen these letters and what does he think? And surely he will not allow our Heroes of Kut and Bagdad to be served like this.—Yours, etc.,

"TRY AGAIN."

Aug. 14, 1918.

TRAGIC DEATH OF AN ACTOR'S WIFE.

(Associated Press.)

KARACHI, Aug. 19.

A fatal accident occurred at Hyderabad. The wife of an acter of a Gujarati theatrical company performing there was cutting up onions with a sharp knife when she was seized with epileptic fit and falling down cut her throat with the knife.

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PROSECUTIONS AT MAZAGON

EXEMPLARY SENTENCES.

At the Mazagon Police Court, Before Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, yesterday, Dr. K. B. Shroff, Deputy Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, charged Murlidhar Premsukh, Premsukh Ooderam, Gulam H. Mulla Dosaji and Moroba Bhiwaji under the Municipal Act. The accused are owners of houses constructed or under construction in the Kikabhai Building area in Sankli Street, and they were charged, some with failing to fill in low ground depressions and others with failing to fill in foundation trenches. There were four charges against the first accused.

Dr. Shroff said these cases were in connection with plots of ground near Kikabhai Building. The accused in the first case was served with a notice to fill in the depression, but had not complied with it.

It was stated for the defence that some of the work had been done.

The Magistrate: What about the people living there?

A plea of guilty was entered.

Dr. Shroff asked for an exemplary punishment, as it was a very serious nuisance to people living in the locality. The depression was filled with water. He asked the Court to inflict the maximum amount of the fine, Rs. 50.

The Magistrate fined the accused Rs. 50.

FINED ON OTHER CHARGES.

There were three other charges against the same accused, of failing to fill in the depressions or foundation trenches.

Dr. Shroff asked for a maximum fine. He said all these depressions and trenches were filled with water.

The Magistrate sentenced the accused to a fine of Rs. 50 on each of the three charges.

The cases against Premsukh Ooderam and Gulam H. Mulla Dosaji were postponed as the accused were absent.

Moroba Bhiwaji was charged with failing to fill in depressions. The accused pleaded not guilty. He was convicted on the evidence and sentenced to a fine of Rs. 50.

WRONGFUL RESTRAINT.

ACCUSED FINED.

At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad disposed of the case in which Mr. S. R. Mirajkar, a Hindu pleader, charged J. G. Vakil and G. G. Vakil, also Hindus, with wrongful restraint. Mr. K. F. Nariman appeared for the complainant, while Mr. Jamnadas Mehta defended the accused.

After stating the facts of the case, the Magistrate said the most important point for the prosecution, which was admitted by the defence, was the fact that the complainant had gone there as a tenant before the accused and that one of the privies was pointed out to him by the landlord's "bhaya" as his privy, and that the complainant had been using the same before the accused came as a tenant and ever after the accused's arrival, the two used one privy each, also the fact that the complainant was using the common passage for nearly three years without interruption. He (the Magistrate) himself had seen the place and had no hesitation in coming to the conclusion on the evidence that the complainant had a right to use one of the two privies. Referring to the allegations that were hurled against the complainant in his cross-examination by the defence and in the written statements of the accused, the Magistrate said no attempt had been made to prove a single one of those allegations, which they (the defence) had subsequently withdrawn. It had been further alleged by the defence that the religious feelings of the accused and their families were injured by the complainant bringing his non-Hindu wife to live there. The Magistrate said that if this were true the accused could have taken objection long before, because the marriage took place in March last. As regards the complainant's allegation that the landlord wanted more than standard rent from him and that as the complainant refused to pay that, the landlord had colluded with the accused to get him ejected, the Magistrate said it was peculiar that after the correspondence between the complainant and the landlord, this incident of wrongful restraint took place, and the *munim* of the landlord had admitted in his cross-examination that when he went to a pleader's office to consult him about ejecting the complainant, he saw the second accused there, who took part in giving instructions to the pleader. This circumstance, among others, pointed to the fact that the accused had colluded with the landlord to eject the complainant. There were no bona-fides, but mala-fides on the part of the accused. The Magistrate held that the allegations made by the defence were wild and reckless. He convicted the accused and sentenced each of them to a fine of Rs. 100.

Mr. Nariman applied that an immediate order be passed to remove the obstruction.

Mr. Mehta objected.

The Magistrate postponed this matter for arguments.

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AMBALAL JOSHI,
B. N. SHAH,
Hon. Secretaries.

Cambay, 18th June, 1918. 959

THE WEATHER.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observaions recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 20th August 1918, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Delhi reports 0.47in. of rain. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded except in the extreme north. Day temperature is below normal in the east and north Punjab; night temperature is in excess in the south-west.

The United Provinces.—There has been nearly general rain; Cawnpore reports 2.90in. Allahabad 0.66in., Mainpuri 0.41in. and Agra 0.37in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature is above normal in the east of the division.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been nearly general in south Rajputana; Ajmer has had 1.20in., Kotah 0.64in., Jodhpur 0.13in. and Mount Abu 5.00in. The sky is clear and the air drier than usual in upper Sind; elsewhere skies ar emoderately or heavily clouded and humidity is locally above the average. In Rajputana day temperature is blow normal except in the south-west, and night temperature is also in defect at a few stations.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Nearly general rainfall has occurred in Central India West and local rainfall in north Gujarat; Neemuch reports 1.19ip., Indore 0.51in. and Deesa 0.65in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature is above normal in north Gujarat, but is in moderate defect in Central India West.

The Central Provinces.—Nearly general rain has fallen except in Berar; Rajpur has had 1.30in., Chanda 0.47in., Nagpur 0.48in., Khandwa 0.26in., Hoshangabad ,.55in. and Saugor 0.53in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature is below normal at several station.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Ratnagiri reports 0.39in. Mormugao 0.76in. and Karwar 1.18in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nearly general rain has fallen in east Hyderabad and the south Bombay Deccan and local rain in the north Bombay Deccan; Nizamabad has had 0.70in., Hyderbad 0.21in., Belgaum 0.31in., Sholapur 0.21in. and Poona 0.17in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general on the west coast to the south of Bombay, in east Hyderabad, the Central Provinces with the exception of Berar, Central India West, south Rajputana and the United Provinces, and local in the east Punjab, north Gujarat, the Bombay Deccan and Mysore. The sea is moderate or rough on the west coast.

Some extension of rainfall appears probable in the Punjab and Gujarat, and a slight decrease in Rajputana and the central parts of the country.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.
Bombay, 19th Aug. 1918.

Hours of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 6 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr	29.654 Inches
Temperature of Air	81.3 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77.1 "
Dew Point	75.5 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.869 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	9.6 "
Maximum temperature of Air	86.6 "
Minimum do. do.	77.9 "
Diurnal direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	W.
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	273 Miles.
Fall of Rain	0.02 Inch.
Total fall during month	2.85 "
Do. do. year	30 44 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m., of 20 h Aug. 1918	0.10 "

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER: Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still.		Day of Month.	LOW WATER: Bombay Mean time		Depth on Still.	
	Aug.	h.	m.	ft.	in.	Aug.	h	m	ft.	in.
Tues.	20	m 10	0	27	2	20	m 3	9	16	7
		9	47a	26	2		4	8a	18	9
Wed.	21	m 10	38	28	5	21	m 3	57	15	10
		10	57a	27	6		4	46a	17	6
Thur	22	m 11	14	29	10	22	m 4	41	16	4
		11	24a	28	3		5	22a	16	4
Frl.	23	m 11	51	29	5	23	m 5	25	15	1
							6	0a	15	5
Sat.	24	m 0	10	28	11	24	m 6	9	15	5
		0	29a	29	7		6	40a	14	10
Sun.	25	m 0	59	29	1	25	m 6	53	15	10
		1	8a	29	3		7	22a	17	9
Mon.	26	m 1	43	28	10	26	m 7	38	16	10
		1	49a	28	6		8	6a	18	0

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset, according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

	Sunrise:	Sunset
Aug. 20 (Tuesday)	6h. 21m.	7h. 4m.
" 21 (Wednesday)	6h. 22m.	7h. 3m.
" 22 (Thursday)	6h. 22m.	7h. 1m.
" 23 (Friday)	6h. 22m.	7h. 2m.
" 24 (Saturday)	6h. 22m.	7h. 1m.
" 25 (Sunday)	6h. 22m.	7h. 0m.
" 26 (Monday)	6h. 23m.	6h. 59m.

Phases of the Moon:—

New Moon	7d.	1h.	59.6m.	a.m.
First Quarter	15d.	4h.	46.4m.	a.m.
Full Moon	22d.	12h.	52.5m.	a.m.
Last Quarter	29d.	6h.	57.1m.	a.m.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time on the 20th August, 1918, was 29.838 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .018 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

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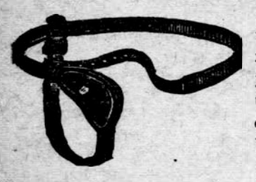

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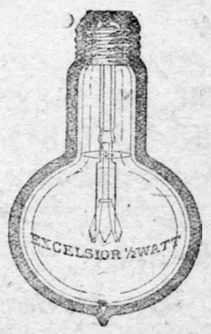

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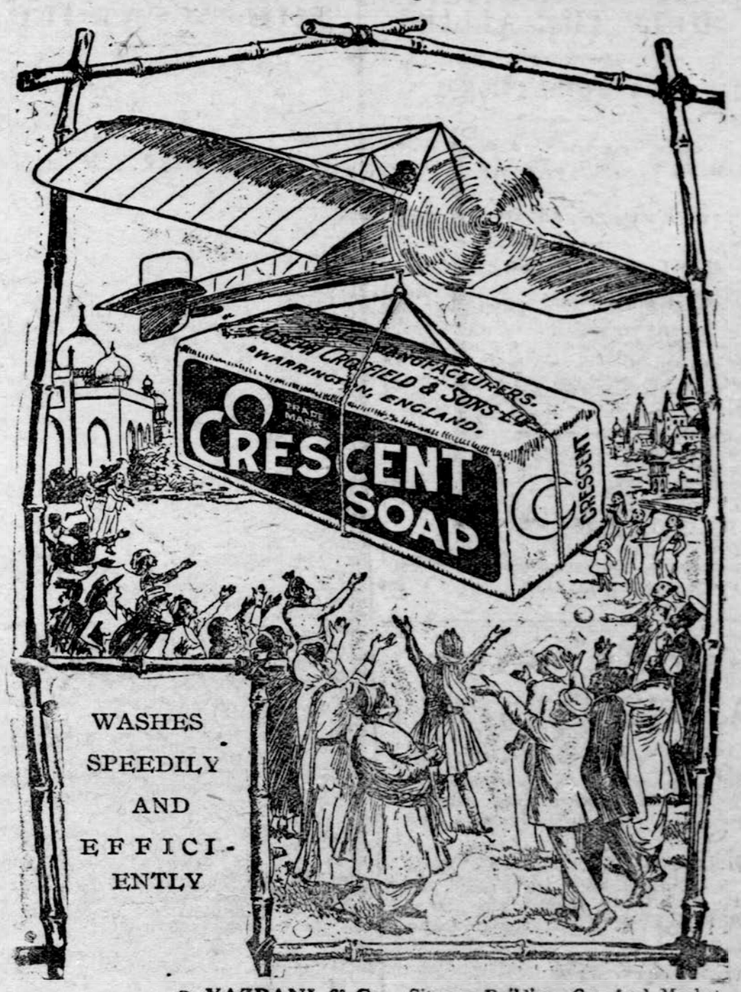

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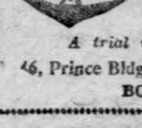

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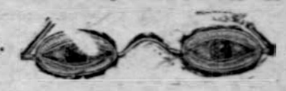
EST.  1886.

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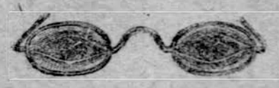

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